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TWELVE PAGES — ONE RIYAL



ARRIVAL: Somali President Siad Barre (center) arrives in Riyadh Sunday. King Khaled (right) and Crown Prince Fahd (left) welcome the Somali president at the airport.

Khaled receives Somali president

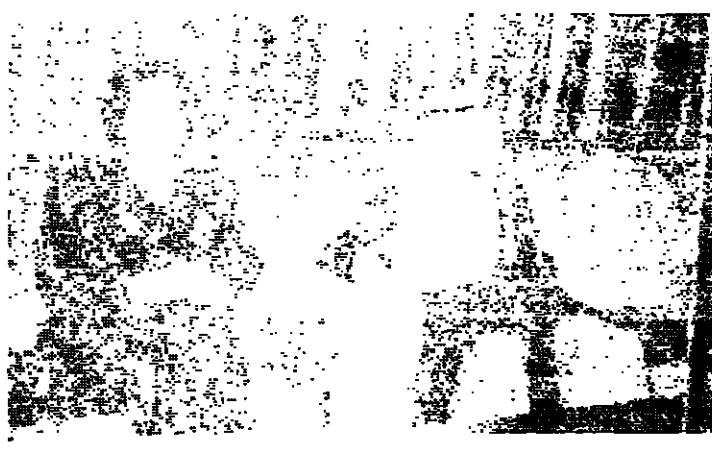
RIYADH, July 1 (SPA) — Somali President Siad Barre arrived here Sunday on an official visit to Saudi Arabia as part of a ten-day tour of Arab countries. He was received by King Khaled, the Crown Prince and the Governor of Riyadh Prince Salman.

Earlier Sunday it was announced in Mogadishu that Saudi Arabia, Qatar and Kuwait were on the president's itinerary. There were no further details. King Khaled and President Barre reviewed a guard of honor and the president was introduced to the princes, ministers and other dignitaries who were at the airport to receive him. Later King Khaled accompanied Barre to the guest palace.

Somali ambassador in the Kingdom Sheikh Abdullah Mahmood said that the talks between the two leaders would deal with the situation in the Arab and Islamic world and the recent developments in the Middle East. Among other things, they will discuss in East Africa "because the situation it is no less grave than that in the Middle East."

Somalia Saturday marked the 19th anniversary of its independence from Britain and Italy with a speech by Barre stressing the socialist character of the republic. "Socialism is the only way towards a healthy economic development," he said.

He said that the country's draft constitution dealt with foreign policy, the economy, the rights and duties of the people. The country's first constitution was suspended in October 1969 when the army led by Barre, seized power. A plebiscite on the draft constitution will be held in August and a people's assembly will be established for the first time in 10 years.



ISRAELI MENACE: Libyan leader Muammar Qaddafi (left) and Kuwait's ruler Sheikh Jaber al Ahmed al Sabah during their talks in Kuwait on the Israeli menace.

Date for oil cutoff premature -- Libya

KUWAIT, July 1 (AP) — Libyan Leader Col. Muammar Qaddafi defended Sunday his threat to cut off oil exports to Western countries as a "legitimate use of the oil weapon," but said it was premature to fix a date for implementation.

Qaddafi was speaking at a press conference before leaving Kuwait for Bahrain.

Qaddafi told the Paris-based Arabic weekly magazine "Al-Mustaqbal" Friday that he "was seriously" considering stopping oil exports as a reprisal for what he termed as threats from the industrialized world, particularly the

United States. He proposed that other Arab countries adopt the idea.

Answering a question at Sunday's press conference Qaddafi said "the use of the oil weapon is inevitable against those who try to bring the Arab nation to its knees at a time when they live on Arab oil and petrodollar surpluses."

He said he expects the measure to cause no "serious repercussions" from oil importers "because as soon as the oil trade between us and them is brought to an end, all our problems from the West and industrialized nations will disappear."

Asked when would Libya implement the proposal, Qaddafi said the step needed "further technical studies," and that it should be endorsed first by the General People's Congress (parliament).

Qaddafi said he raised the matter with other Arab leaders during his tour, which included Iraq, Syria and Jordan in addition to Kuwait, and received "responses."

Arabs ready to invest in \$58b energy plan

BEIRUT, July 1 (R) — Arab oil states are prepared to invest in a \$58 billion plan for developing alternative energy sources in Europe, their senior executive said in an interview published Sunday.

Mane Said Al-Oteiba, president of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), said they are ready to participate in such a program.

Oteiba had been asked about possible Arab investment in the proposed scheme in an interview with "An-Nahar Arab Report and Memo," a Beirut weekly newsletter.

He gave no indication of how much the Arab states might be willing to provide, but he said: "several years ago we began consultations with European nations, particularly with solar energy in mind."

Meanwhile, following OPEC's decision last week to raise crude prices by an average of 18 per cent, Qatar Sunday increased the price of its crude by about 20 per cent.

Qatar's Oil Ministry officials said that with effect from Sunday, the price of one barrel of Dukhan onshore crude had been fixed at \$21.42 compared to the old price of \$17.84 a barrel.

Halul offshore crude is repriced at \$21.23 a barrel compared to the previous price of \$17.65 a barrel, they added.

Guerrillas control 80% of Ogaden

MOGADISHU, July 1 (R) — Somali guerrillas Sunday claimed control over 80 per cent of eastern Ethiopia's Ogaden region after killing and wounding or capturing thousands of Ethiopian and Cuban soldiers in ambushes in the past two months.

"Danab," the Western Somali Liberation Front (WSLF) newspaper, published reports which indicated intensified guerrilla operations in the area since the rains began in mid-April.

Somali forces were pushed out of the Ogaden last year after a massive counter offensive by the Ethiopians and Cubans.

Earlier in Paris the Eritrean Liberation Front (ELF) said Saturday its forces had destroyed two gunboats and killed several hundred soldiers in battles against Ethiopian government troops in the northern province of Eritrea.

In a communiqué released in the French capital, the ELF said its guerrillas attacked the Ethiopian navy in the port of Iddi, in the Red Sea. During the battle, which lasted three days, a gunboat was destroyed and another was captured before being sunk.

Many Ethiopian sailors were killed or taken prisoner, it added but did not say when the battle took place.

The front said it has also killed 250 government troops and captured 100 who attempted to flee the besieged town of Mandafara, south of Asmara, the Eritrean capital.

"The occupying forces are in a very difficult position and their morale is very low," the communiqué said.



Mane Said Al-Oteiba

In Tokyo Japanese newspapers reported that Iraq, a supporter of oil price increases, has prodded Japanese major oil refiners to pay a special charge for any new crude oil contracts or renewal of previous deals.

The "Nihon Keizai Shimbun," a leading economic daily, said the state-run Iraqi National Oil Corporation (INOC) recently notified Japan's Idemitsu Kosen Corp. of a plan to levy a contract-signing charge totaling \$36 million on each new contract between them.

The planned special charge will translate into an increase of two to three dollars per barrel.

Idemitsu, the daily said, previously offered to buy 10,000 to 50,000 barrels of INOC crude oil a day.

The national daily "Yomiuri Shimbun" added that other Japanese oil firms, including Kyodo Oil and Mitsubishi Oil Co., were told of similar plans to extract a special charge for contract renewals.

Last year, Japan imported 59 million barrels of Iraqi crude, about 3.5 per cent of the country's total crude oil supply, of which more than 60 per cent was purchased directly through INOC.

Domestic oil industry sources were quoted as voicing concern over the latest Iraqi move, saying, "such special conditions are identical to an increase in the OPEC price hike."

OPEC leaders agreed last week to raise the benchmark price of oil to \$18 a barrel from \$14.54 and set a ceiling of \$23.50 dollars.

And in London, Oil Minister Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani is "relatively impressed" by the Tokyo plans of the United States, a West European minister who met him in London Sunday said.

Yamani has been urging industrial nations to economize saying that, if their consumption of oil continues to soar, so will the price.

The United States, Britain, Canada, France, Italy, Japan and West Germany drew up plans to cut oil imports at their Tokyo economic summit last week.

Yamani's reactions were heard by ministers of the European Economic Community at London talks Sunday.

"Sheikh Yamani was relatively impressed that it was the first time major consumer nations of the world as a whole had definitely made an effort to cut consumption and set targets they hope to keep in the next few years," Irish Energy Minister Desmond O'Malley said. O'Malley is incoming chairman of the EEC Energy Council.

Officials of the OPEC Strategy Group also attended the talks with O'Malley, EEC Energy Commissioner Guido Brunner and French Industry Minister Andre Giraud.

Held in secret at a London hotel, they were billed as "technical discussions."

Yamani left the hotel secretly for security reasons, making no statement on the meeting which informed sources said was called at his request.

"The question of oil prices was never discussed today, we decided to leave that out from the start," said O'Malley.

"It was an exchange of information on technical matters mainly related to supply and demand, particularly in the period between now and 1985."

If attacked

Syria, Iraq to get arms from Soviet Union — aide

BEIRUT, July 1 (AP) — A noted Soviet writer on international affairs hinted in an interview published Sunday that his country would deliver arms to Syria and Iraq if these countries were attacked by Israel.

The comment by Yevgeni Primakov, director of the Institute of Oriental Studies, was made prior to last Wednesday's clash between Syrian and Israeli jets in southern Lebanon.

But it appeared to indicate the Soviets would not stand by idly in the event of further friction between Israel and its most militant neighbors.

Primakov was responding in English to a list of written questions asked him by the English-language weekly magazine "Monday Morning." Asked if there were any truth to rumors the Soviets would not supply arms in the event of an Israeli attack, he said:

"All talk that the Soviet Union would refuse to supply arms to the Syrian and Iraqi army in the event of an Israeli attack on these countries is provocative. The Soviet Union has always honored its obligations and is doing so now."

"It regards the strengthening of the defensive capabilities of these countries as an important factor in the consolidation of the national independence and sovereignty."

The Soviet Union's readiness to back up Syria and Iraq has become

an issue since Egypt made peace with Israel March 6 leaving Syria feeling it must bear the main burden of confronting the Zionist state.

Syrian President Hafez Assad was to have visited Moscow this week, but the trip was postponed because Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev was resting, Syrian officials said privately.

Saddam Hussein returns home from Amman

AMMAN, July 1 (R) — Saddam Hussein, vice-chairman of Iraq's ruling Revolutionary Command Council (RCC) returned home Sunday after two days of talks with King Hussein on Middle East developments and bilateral relations.

Officials described the results of the visit, the first by Saddam Hussein, as very good.

Saddam Hussein headed a delegation of three other members of the RCC and Foreign Minister Saadoun Hamadi.

An Iraqi official said the visit was part of continuing Arab consultations after the signing of the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty.

The visit followed the air battle over southern Lebanon last Wednesday between Syrian and Israeli planes.

Israel to continue bombing Palestinians

JERUSALEM, July 1 (R) — The Israeli cabinet decided Sunday to continue bombing Palestinian targets in South Lebanon despite an air battle last week between Israeli and Syrian fighters, cabinet sources said.

The decision followed a report by Defense Minister Ezer Weizman on the dogfight.

Prime Minister Menachem Begin reported on a U.S. protest over the incident but told the cabinet Israel had acted in "legitimate self-defense and would continue to do so."

In Egypt

Begin to extend stay

CAIRO, July 1 (R) — Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin might extend his visit to Alexandria on July 10 by one or two days, at the invitation of President Anwar Sadat, the weekly "October" magazine said Sunday.

It said that Begin was due to visit Alexandria for one day, but President Sadat was expected to invite him to stay on for another day or two.

It said that despite the hardline remarks made by Begin on the issue of Jewish settlements on occupied territory both inside the Knesset (Israeli parliament) and in public statements, Sadat has decided not to react to them until he meets the Israeli premier.

Egypt and the U.S. have said that building the Israeli settlements was illegal and could undermine the Egypt-Israel peace treaty and the talks on Palestinian autonomy.

Burg, who heads Israel's negotiating team, told Strauss that Israel was "not employing stalling tactics" in the negotiations, which resume for the fourth session this Thursday in Alexandria.

Premier Mustapha Khalil have a deep commitment and challenge to live up to," Strauss told Interior Minister Yosef Burg at Ben-Gurion airport.

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The prime minister (Menachem Begin) and the two presidents (Anwar Sadat and Jimmy Carter) have set an example that you and I and Egyptian

Strauss arrives in Israel

TEL AVIV, July 1 (AP) — U.S. Ambassador Robert Strauss, President Carter's special envoy to the Israel-Egypt talks on Palestinian autonomy, arrived in Israel from Cairo Sunday for preliminary meetings with Israeli leaders.

The prime minister (Menachem Begin) and the two presidents (Anwar Sadat and Jimmy Carter) have set an example that you and I and Egyptian

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IN CAIRO: Former U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger receives a kiss from his daughter Loubna in Cairo. Kissinger, his wife Nancy and 17-year-old son David had dinner with Sadat and his family Saturday night. (See story on page 3).

Jabouille wins Dijon Grand Prix

DIJON, France July 1 (AP) — Jean-Pierre Jabouille of France won the French Grand Prix Sunday to give the Renault team its first World Championship victory.

Canadian Gilles Villeneuve in a Ferrari came second after a wheel-to-wheel battle in the final laps with the second turbocharged Renault, driven by Rene Arnoux of France.

Arnoux had taken second place on the third to last lap but the Canadian outbraked him on the next lap to regain his place and hold him off to the finish.

Alan Jones of Australia was fourth in a Williams, from France's Jean-Pierre Jarier in a Tyrrell and Swiss Clay Regazzoni, sixth in the second Williams.

South African Jody Scheckter, forced to make a tire change while

lying fifth in his Ferrari, finished seventh and out of the points, but retained his leadership of the World Championship with 31 points.

Villeneuve moved up to second spot with 26 points, ahead of France's Jacques Laffite, who has 24 points. His Ligier was off form and he finished eighth.

Iran cracks down on illegal opium

By Alex Eby

TEHRAN, July 1 (AP) — Iran is cracking down on illegal opium cultivation, which went wild in the post-revolutionary era.

The new policy was announced personally this week by Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, Iran's top religious and revolutionary leader. In a move to stem the increase of the cultivation of the opium poppy and the widespread local use of its narcotic product, Khomeini decreed the growing of poppies as "haram," as prescribed by the Islamic religion.

Earlier in the week illegal poppy cultivation and drug smuggling were both included in a list of "counter-revolutionary crimes." Offenders accused of such crimes would be tried by special courts with limitless powers to pass heavy sentences, including death for drug sellers.

Western diplomatic sources said Western governments became alarmed by the marked increase in the number of Iranians caught at European airports smuggling opium, apparently from Iran's new bumper crop.

"We are determined to eliminate the drug problem in Iran. If we don't wipe out drug addiction this will be a disgrace to our revolution," Health Minister Kazem Sami told a symposium on drug addiction staged here last Thursday by the Muslim Physicians Association of Iran.

Sami told the symposium that under the deposed Shah the government allowed farmers to cultivate 16,000 hectares of land with poppies, yielding a crop of 200 tons of opium that was sold to the state monopoly for medicinal purposes. But this amount was believed to have been doubled through illegal cultivation with the additional opium used mainly within Iran.

Following the collapse of Iran's police and security forces after

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'Israeli aggression persistent'

Saudi forces prepared, Sultan says

JEDDAH, July 1 — Minister of Defense and Aviation Prince Sultan has said it would not be surprising if Israel attacked one of the Arab fronts shortly, although he did not think it would.

He was replying, in an interview published in "Al-Bilad" Sunday, to a question whether the north-eastern front, or Jordan, was braced for conflict. He said that all the front was ready, as the collec-

tive response of the Arab nation to recent events was powerful.

He also said that the Kingdom was strong enough to face whatever the future might bring.

He said the armed forces were a "source of pride," and "we are striving to strengthen them for the good of this country and of the Arab and Islamic community."

Speaking of the recent Israeli attacks on Lebanon and the clash

with Syria, in an aerial battle last Thursday in which Syria said it lost four fighters in destroying two Israeli, he said Israel was persistently working against right and justice, Syria's defensive acts were a result of its obligation toward Lebanon and toward her own armed forces.

Prince Sultan also discounted reports of an American intention to invade the Gulf to protect its

sources of oil, saying "we have nothing to do with events outside our region."

He thought that the United States itself wanted a comprehensive solution to the Middle East problem, as the present situation was a burden on the United States.

Kuwait

In related remarks also in a Saudi newspaper Sunday, Sheikh Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Sabah, the Kuwaiti foreign minister, who was a member of the Kuwaiti delegation that held talks with King Khaled and watched Saudi military maneuvers in Khams Mushait Wednesday, urged a common Arab summit.

It would draw up a unified Arab strategy, he told "Al-Jazirah". Sheikh Sabah said the present circumstances required close coordination among countries.

Asked whether a date had been set for a summit meeting of Gulf Arab states, the minister told the newspaper that no invitations had been sent out for such a meeting but Gulf Arab leaders could have consultations on the region's affairs at any time.

He said the Arab political and economic boycott of Egypt, imposed for signing a peace treaty with Israel, "would, in the long run, have an effect on the Egyptian people, to make their government change its present stand towards the Zionist enemy."

He hoped Egypt would alter its attitude, as Israel would never surrender any Arab rights.

Arab police authorities move offices from Cairo

RIYADH, July 1 (SPA) — Two agencies of the Arab Interior Ministers' Conference decided at a meeting Sunday to move their headquarters from Cairo in reaction to Egypt's treaty with Israel.

The General Assembly of the Arab Organization for Social Defense against Crime will shift to Rabat and the Arab Narcotics Bureau to Amman.

Dr. Farouk Murad of the organization said the assembly would take steps to ask all international organizations to break off cooperation from the Cairo headquarters.

According to Sunday's resolutions, members states would pay their shares in the organization's

Water facilities across Kingdom costing SR6b

JEDDAH, July 1 — Nearly SR6 billion are altogether allocated for drainage network, sewage treatment plants and storm water works, in various parts of the country, according to "Okaz" Sunday.

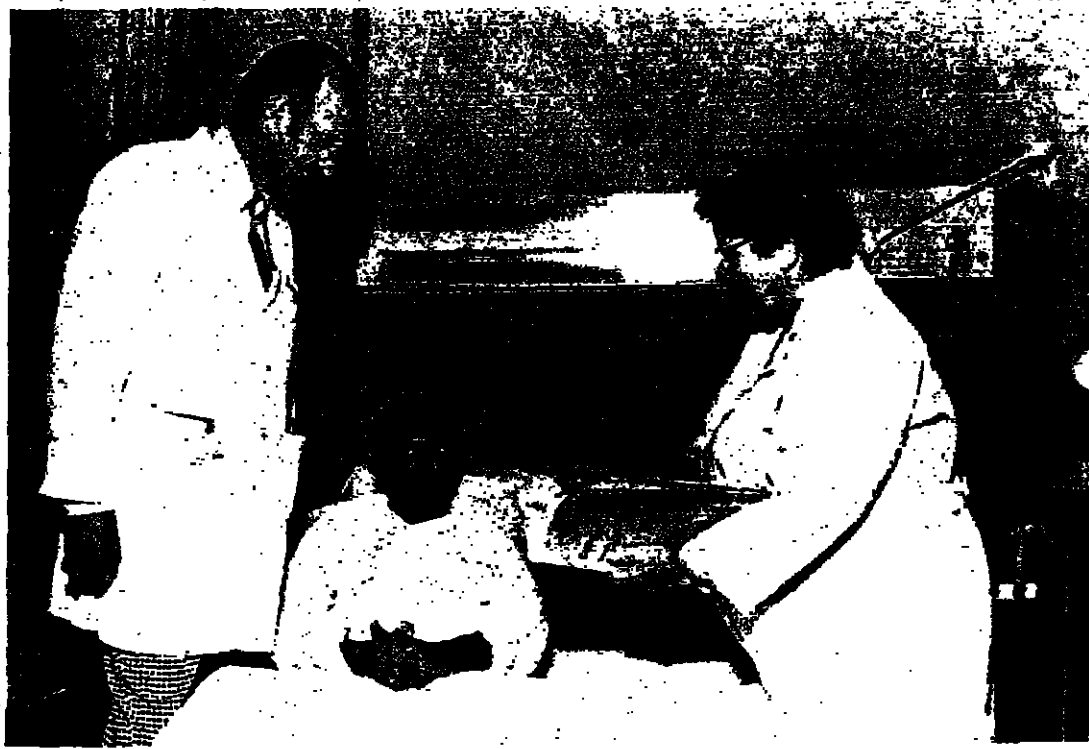
Quoting informed sources the newspaper said such projects are being executed mainly in Riyadh, Jeddah, Mecca and Medina, in addition to Buraidah, Khams Mushait, Ahssa and Qatif, at a cost of SR2 billion.

Plans for similar facilities have been completed and some preliminary work has started in Dammam and Al-Khobar and for storm water drainage in Taif, Tabuk, Hassa, Sayhat, Khafaji and Qatif at a cost of SR4 billion.

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PATIENT: Muhammad Al-Zahrani, a mechanic, recovers in the Armed Forces Hospital in Riyadh from a coronary by-pass operation four days before this picture was taken. His operation was carried out by a Saudi-American team.

Envoy speaks on Naif visit

Taiwan wants security accord

JEDDAH, July 1 — The Taiwanese ambassador to Saudi Arabia has said his country hopes to cooperate with the Kingdom in security, and to take advantage of Saudi Arabia's experience in internal security.

Speaking to "Al-Jazirah" before the visit of Interior Minister Prince Naif to Taiwan later this week, Ambassador Yu-Chi hsueh added that Taiwan would be glad to hear Prince Naif's views on the

Chinese internal security services.

"Al-Jazirah" said that Prince Naif is due to hold talks with the Chinese president, vice-president, foreign and interior ministers, as well as with the head of intelligence, on promoting cooperation, with an accent on collaboration in security.

The ambassador left Sunday for Taipei to prepare for the visit. He told "Al-Jazirah" that his government's decision to bring him home to be present during Prince Naif's visit was a great testimony to his government's interest in the trip. He hoped it would be fruitful.

The visit is to be official, being made at the invitation of Prince Naif's Taiwanese counterpart.

TAIPEI, July 1 — Sulaiman Yusuf Al-Fraihidi, Director-General of the Consumer Protection Department of the Ministry of Commerce, said Saturday that he hopes trade relations between Taiwan and Saudi Arabia will be further strengthened, according to a Central News Agency report Sunday.

He said the products manufactured in Taiwan are of high quality and will be widely accepted by Saudi consumers.

He made the remarks when he

visited officials of the Chinese Bureau of Commodity Inspection and Quarantine Saturday morning to exchange views on how to promote economic relations.

Top U.S. heart unit integrates Saudis

From a Correspondent
RIYADH, July 1 — In eighteen months eight Saudis have been integrated into a heart surgery team from a Californian University working for the Ministry of Defense and Aviation.

The eight Saudis are now supplementing an American group of 12 at the Armed Forces Hospital in Riyadh, working with the Loma Linda University Overseas Heart Team. When the University first came to work with the Ministry, at the beginning of 1978, there were no Saudis involved.

They were then based in Khams Mushait, where they performed the Kingdom's first open heart surgery. In April the group was moved to the new hospital in Riyadh.

The Americans are rotated every three months, but the Saudis are permanent. The University's overseas arm has previously worked in Pakistan, Greece, and Vietnam, having been founded in 1963.

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After meeting Sadat, Khalil

Kissinger predicts 'painful' talks on Palestine autonomy

CAIRO, July 1 (AP) — Former U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger met Egypt's top peace negotiators Sunday and forecast a long and "painful" series of talks on Palestinian autonomy.

As Kissinger wrapped up his four-day visit here, U.S. Ambassador Robert Strauss began a nearly identical get-acquainted tour of the Middle East with a 90-minute stopover at Cairo airport.

Strauss, who flies to Israel later in the day as does Kissinger, is to return Wednesday to lead the U.S. negotiators in the fourth round of the tripartite talks on the future of the 1.2 million residents of the West Bank of the Jordan River and the Gaza Strip.

Strauss said he would deliver messages from President Carter to Egyptian President Anwar Sadat on his return but refused to go into details. He accompanied a group of businessmen to Cairo to continue efforts begun earlier in the year to expand U.S. investment in Egypt.

Kissinger, who met with Sadat for a wide-ranging discussion of the Middle East Saturday night, was briefed Sunday on the current negotiations by

Prime Minister Mustafa Khalil and Butros Ghali, Egypt's second-ranking diplomat.

"I think the autonomy talks are going to be very difficult. It is a very painful subject, a complicated subject," Kissinger said after a one-hour meeting with Khalil.

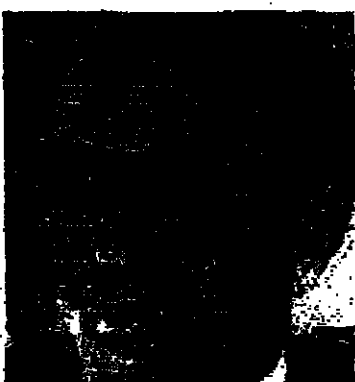
Outside the ornate, former royal palace, Kissinger said "some solution will be found after some considerable effort."

Kissinger denied he had been asked to carry a message or letter.

His itinerary includes stops in Israel and three Arab states — Jordan, Saudi Arabia and Morocco — that are boycotting Egypt over the peace treaty. Speculation had arisen that Kissinger would be called on to his diplomatic skills in an effort to win over the Arab moderates.

Strauss visits the same countries except for Morocco.

"Negotiations have to be conducted by those in governmental positions," said Kissinger in insisting that his visit was strictly a private one.



President Sadat



Henry Kissinger

Military discipline tightened in Iran

TEHRAN, July 1 (R) — Iran's bearded, long-haired soldiers of the revolution have all been ordered to shave and get a haircut as part of a new tightening of military discipline, the head of the military police said Sunday.

Gen. Saif Amir Rahimi told Reuters 50 officers and soldiers of various branches of the armed forces had been arrested in Tehran Saturday because of their sloppy appearance. All had been taken for a shave and a haircut at military police headquarters.

The general said military property seized by revolutionary committees since last February's revolution would have to be handed back to the armed forces, "right down to the last Knapsack."

Zia's regime seeking to crush Bhutto's party, ex-general says

ISLAMABAD, July 1 (AP) — A retired general who served in the cabinet of executed former Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto accused the present government Sunday of "working on a plan to annihilate the Pakistan People's Party."

Addressing supporters of Bhutto's PPP at Rawalpindi, retired Gen. Tikka Khan, a former chief of the Pakistan army and former minister of state for national security, said that "with the power of the people, the scheme will be foiled."

PPP leaders claim that after Bhutto's April execution, instead of any loss in support, the party has gained in strength.

Tikka Khan said that after overthrowing the Bhutto government in July 1977, the present military government had announced plans to hold general elections in the country.

But side by side with this, "the

regime was working on another operation aimed at crushing Bhutto and the PPP. When the administration failed in eliminating Bhutto politically, it eventually killed him," he added.

"With the help of the people's power, the PPP will force the martial law regime to hold free and fair elections. We are only waiting

for Nov. 17," he said, referring to the polling date set by President Gen. Muhammad Zia Ul-Haq.

Other parties also have demanded that the elections to the national assembly and legislatures of the four provinces of the Punjab, Sind, Baluchistan and the Northwest Frontier be held as scheduled on Nov. 17.

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Iraq arming Khuzestan guerrillas, Iran charges

TEHRAN, July 1 (R) — Soviet-made RPG-7 rocket launchers are being smuggled to Iran separatists in the gulf province of Khuzestan from Iraq, according to an Iranian border commander.

Lt. Heshmatollah Azadi, acting head of the Khorramshahr border command, said in the gulf port that the lightweight anti-tank weapons were among large quantities of mainly Soviet-made arms rushed across the frontier since bloody clashes last month between autonomy-seeking Arabs and Persian militias.

He did not say how many of the RPG-7s were in circulation or whether Iranian security forces had captured any.

Arab sources reported Sunday that a tank was attacked near a

border village Saturday night and two persons were killed. But government officials denied the report.

In Baghdad meanwhile an Iraqi leader charged Saturday that Iran was adopting an aggressive and racist policy and would be punished by the Arab nation.

The Iraq News Agency quoted Taher Tewfik, a member of the national leadership of Iraq's ruling Baath Party, as telling a rally in Baghdad:

"The Arab nation will not stand idle in face of the insolent Iranian threats, and it will quite firmly cut off the criminal hands that wish to tamper with the sovereignty of the Arab homeland and its territorial integrity," Tewfik said.

'Rare' antiquities found in Cairo

CAIRO, July 1 (AP) — Police have uncovered \$2.1 million worth Pharaonic and Islamic antiquities that were being "illicitly" sold to foreigners by an Egyptian citizen and his wife, "Al-Ahram" reported Saturday. The report said the police found "rare, if not unique" objects in the house and shop of the accused. It said they included "gold and silver plated swords, daggers and rifles" of the late 13th century Ottoman Empire, "huge amounts" of Greek, Coptic and Roman silver and bronze coins as well as Pharaonic jars and "parts of mummies."

Heat wave kills 40 in Pakistan

ISLAMABAD, July 1 (AP) — Forty persons have died as a result of a severe heat wave around Multan over the last three days, the Associated Press of Pakistan reported Sunday. Temperatures in Multan, 400 miles southeast of Islamabad, have ranged between 44 and 47 degrees centigrade (111-117 F) for the last several days.

Ceausescu handed Sadat's note

CAIRO, July 1 (R) — Egyptian Defense Minister Gen. Kamel Hassan Ali returned here Saturday after a five-day visit to Romania, the Middle East News Agency (MENA) said. Ali conveyed to President Nicolae Ceausescu a message from President Anwar Sadat, the contents of which were not disclosed.

Turkey, Greece to hold talks

ATHENS, July 1 (R) — Senior officials from Greek and Turkish Foreign Ministries will meet in Athens next week for a fourth round of talks on bilateral issues, the foreign ministry has announced.

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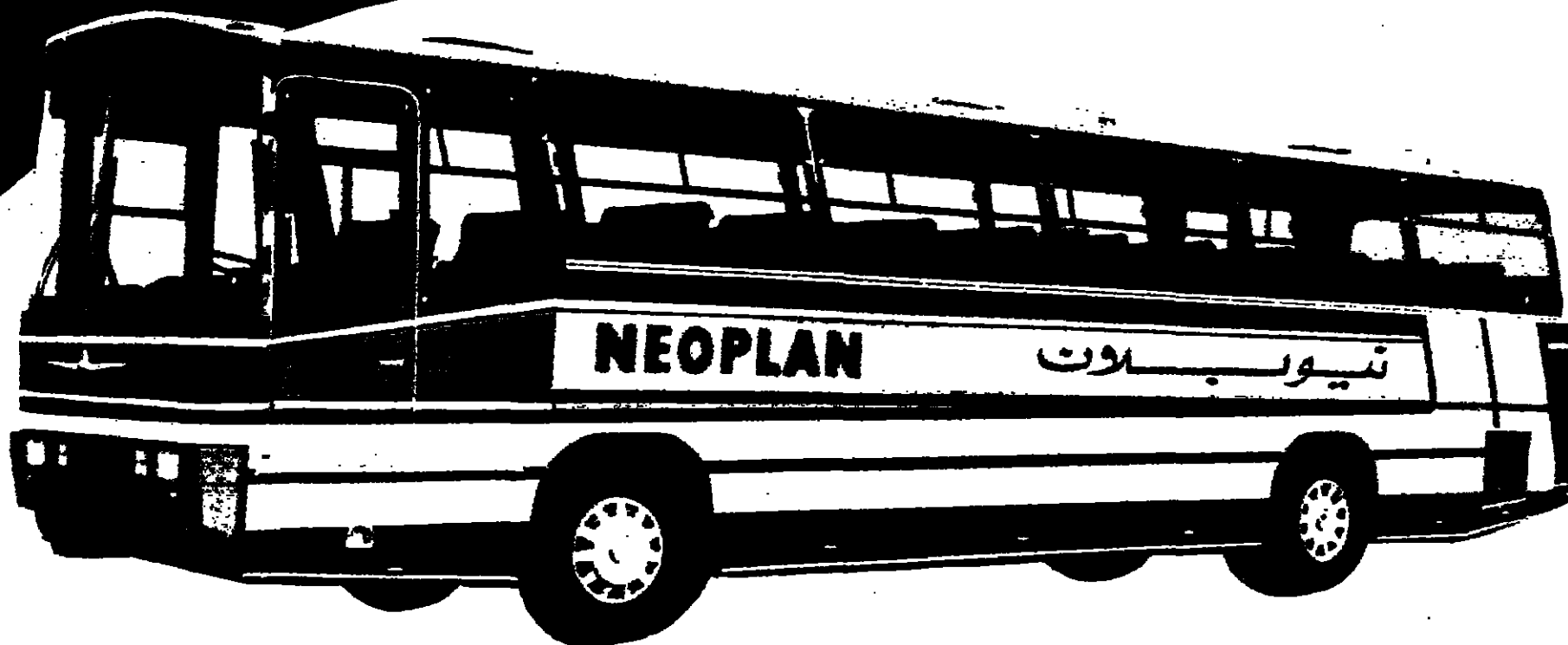
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Pyongyang silent

Carter asks North Korea to join talks

SEOUL, July 1 (R) — President Carter and South Korean President Park Chung-hee have decided to invite North Korea to join talks on reducing tensions in the Korean Peninsula.

The proposal was in a joint communique issued Sunday at the end of President Carter's two-day state visit to South Korea.

When President Carter was in Japan for the seven-nation economic summit last week, North Korea indicated it might be willing to accept such a proposal after insisting only on talks with the U.S.

Officials said they were unable to predict what North Korea's response would be to the new initiative.

North Korean President Kim Il-sung so far has refused to recognize the Seoul government, describing it as a puppet of the United States, and called for direct talks between Pyongyang and Washington.

The communique contains a strong assurance that the U.S. would maintain its military commitments to South Korea. The future of America's 33,000 combat troops in South Korea has been left open until President Carter confers with congressional leaders.

President Park appealed to President Carter to maintain a freeze on the complete pull-out of the troops.

But Carter wants more time to study new intelligence reports indicating that North Korea's armed forces were larger than previously believed.

Accusations of political repression by President Park came up after President Carter urged him to match South Korea's spectacular economic growth with advances in political and human rights.

Carter, who dealt with accusations of political repression in South Korea at a state banquet hosted by President Park Saturday night, conferred this morning with a group of Korean religious leaders, some of whom are critical of the country's human rights record.

Carter left Sunday for Honolulu, where he plans to make a speech on his week-long Asian trip and then fly immediately to Washington.

A senior U.S. official said Carter would announce a decision on the troop withdrawals in a matter of weeks, rather than months.

He also said the president believed that South Korea should urgently expand its 520,000-man army because the United States would not keep its troops in South Korea indefinitely, even if the president decided to maintain the freeze.

The official said the North Korean military build-up had been secretly taking place since 1976 and U.S. intelligence had taken three years to assemble the information that persuaded President Carter to order the freeze.



President Carter



President Kim Il-sung

Waldheim asks for help

U.N. announces refugee parley as Malaysia refuses sanctuary

GENEVA, July 1 (R) — Amid warnings that the flood of refugees from Indochina had become a major crisis, United Nations Secretary General Kurt Waldheim announced Saturday that an international meeting on the problem would be held in Geneva on July 20 and 21.

Waldheim said about 60 countries, including Vietnam and others directly involved, would be invited to send representatives to the ministerial level meeting.

He stressed at a news conference that the emphasis would be on humanitarian rather than political aspects of the issue.

Waldheim said that the U.N. high commissioner for refugees had succeeded in finding permanent homes outside Southeast Asia for about 10,000 refugees a month, but about 300,000 still had nowhere to go.

He said he hoped the Geneva meeting would lead to more pledges to take the refugees or displaced people from Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos, as well as more contributions of money.

The meeting was announced as Malaysia declared it would not relent on its policy of refusing any more Vietnamese refugees.

After an offer by France to take 4,000 more refugees from Malaysia, Home Minister Tan Sri Ghazali Shafie said the Malaysian government would not alter its policies until the United Nations opened refugee processing centers in other countries.

In the latest international clash connected with the refugees, West Germany announced that it had protested sharply to Vietnam about an incident Saturday in which Vietnamese naval ships fired on two West German vessels as they tried to rescue refugees from an oil rig off Vietnam.

West German Embassy sources in Singapore said one of the West German ships was still being detained in a Vietnamese port.

In Bali, Indonesia, a meeting of foreign ministers from the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) issued a communique deploring Hanoi's failure to stop the refugee exodus.

It said that the refugee problem had reached crisis proportions, causing severe political, economic and security difficulties in the region.

In Hong Kong, Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington visited a condemned dockland warehouse crammed with 11,000 Vietnamese "Vietnam should be pilloried for what it is doing to these human beings."

"The scale of human misery in this problem is huge and the cause is fairly and squarely on the Vietnamese government." International organizations such as the World Bank should stop aiding Hanoi until the exodus ends, Lord Carrington said.

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher proposed an international meeting on the refugees in a letter to Waldheim on May 31.

The idea was endorsed by the United States which earlier this week agreed to double its current monthly intake of refugees, as well as by European Economic Community members.

After Sunday's announcement, the Foreign Office said that the British government welcomed the decision to convene the conference and promised that Britain would play a full part.

U.S. waits in wonder as ship nears Jupiter

PASADENA, California, July 1 (AP) — The Voyager spaceship dazzled scientists last March when it soared past Jupiter, revealing a complex and mystifying world of churning clouds and moons.

The second Voyager ship is nearing the giant planet, and scientists hope its encounter on July 9 will provide a few more clues to riddles they found four months ago.

The first Voyager, now sailing off toward distant Saturn, provided richly detailed and often beautiful pictures of Jupiter. It was successful beyond the wildest dreams of scientists.

"I expected Voyager would have a major scientific return, but I really didn't appreciate that we would be seeing so many things for the first time," said Edward Stone, project scientist for the \$500 million mission. "It was so overwhelming how many new things we were learning each day, for day after day after day."

Over the two weeks, excited scientists at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory marveled almost daily at some unexpected and dramatic discovery, from a moon full of volcanoes to a rocky ring around the planet.

It will be a very tough act to follow, Stone conceded.

Voyager 1 "was such a large step in our understanding that we can't duplicate it. It's just impossible."

But the second Voyager should come up with some "surprises of its own. It will take the first look at parts of Ganymede and Callisto, two moons as big as planets. Both are about 90 per cent ice."

Stone said Ganymede's icy surface shows cracks or faults "just like an earthquake fault here in California."

The faults could mean that billions of years ago some unknown force shifted great sheets of ice over a deep layer of icy water, much as the continental plates of Earth's surface drift on a layer of partly molten rock.

Voyager 2 will also take the first close look at the moon Europa. Pictures of Europa showed long, dark streaks which might prove to be cracks in the surface — cracks five times as wide as the Grand Canyon and up to 1,000 miles long.

Voyager 1's most spectacular discovery was the volcanoes of 10, one of Jupiter's 13 moons. Seven active volcanoes were found, some spewing umbrella-shaped plumes more than 150 miles above the surface.

Until the Voyager pictures, Earth was the only celestial body known to be volcanically active.

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Venezuela saves U.S. executive abducted in '76

CARACAS, July 1 (R) — Venezuelan security officials were Sunday questioning American executive William Niehaus who was rescued Saturday by troops and police after 42 months of captivity by leftwing guerrillas.

Niehaus, vice president of the Owens Illinois Glass Company, escaped after more than 1000 soldiers and policemen fought with his captors in an isolated area of Bolivar State, about 800 kilometers southeast of here.

Two guerrillas were killed in the clash. Niehaus' ordeal was perhaps the longest suffered by a kidnapped victim. He was seized on February 27, 1976.

After he was rescued, Niehaus was taken by helicopter to Ciudad Bolivar, capital of Bolivar State. The helicopter pilot said Niehaus, whose hair was below shoulder length, wept.

Official sources said he spoke for twenty minutes over the telephone with his wife Donna, in Toledo, Ohio. He was reported to be in excellent physical and mental health.

It was not clear if he would stay in Venezuela or would be transferred to the United States.

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As shortage persists New U.S. sentiment favors gas rationing

NEW YORK, July 1 (AP) — Sentiment appeared to be on the increase Saturday for a U.S. gasoline rationing plan. But work on any plan will not begin until Congress returns from its Independence Day recess, a period in which many Americans face "stay-at-home" holidays because of empty fuel tanks.

Despite the hope-for delivery of new July allocations, gasoline was expected to be in extremely tight supply, especially in the Northeast, through the July 4 holiday next Wednesday.

"Rely on anything but the auto. Don't drive this weekend," said New York Governor Hugh Carey as vacationers in many states were warned to drive no farther than half a tank of gasoline could take them. Tourism was reported sharply down in some spots.

In a front-page editorial Saturday, the "New York Post" called on President Carter to impose rationing. "Uncertainty about prospects for the rest of the summer and apprehension over fuel shortages next winter have created a spreading mood of panic and frustration," the "Post" said. Leaders of the Democratic Party in the House of Representatives and Senate say the political climate is right for quick approval of a rationing plan. One such plan proposed by Carter was rejected by the House six weeks ago.

A House subcommittee on energy and power has scheduled sessions on a proposal for standby rationing for July 11, according to Congressional sources who asked not to be identified. Congress began its 10-day holiday break Friday and is to return July 9.

In London the "Sunday Observer" newspaper said the energy crisis was a symptom of a deeper economic crisis and a solution would not be found in the West alone.

An editorial Sunday said that the Western leaders at their Tokyo summit "have at least managed to avoid humiliating disagreement and have shown some common determination to meet oil crisis."

The "Observer" said, "The next and urgent lesson of the oil crisis, and of the deeper economic crisis of which it is a symptom, is that there can be no solution within the West alone."

"Summits can alleviate, a little, the scramble for oil or other resources."

"But they must also set the West thinking of what more it can contribute, principally through the transfer of resources, to the development of the poorer nations, the most obvious new market for their own manufactures."

"For the alternative to such development is likely to be a self-defeating retreat into protectionism, which will harm the rich and devastate the poor," the "Observer" said.

Libya, Algeria protest

Africa bank chief sacked

ABIDJAN, July 1 (R) — The African Development Bank (ADB) has dismissed its president, Kwame Donkoh Fordwor of Ghana, accusing him of putting his personal ambitions before the bank's interests.

In a statement released at the bank's headquarters here, the ADB board of governors said they had taken the disciplinary measure

to "affirm clearly that the institution's success and the interests of the entire African continent must come before the needs and personal ambitions of Dr. Fordwor."

The board named one of the bank's vice-presidents, Sogunro of Nigeria, as acting president until the ADB General Assembly elects a new president at its annual meeting in Liberia next May.

Fordwor was elected president in 1976 and initiated a controversial policy of accepting deposits from non-African states.

Several members criticized the move. Algeria and Libya have campaigned against it, urging member states not to ratify the decision. The two countries want the subject raised at next month's Organization of African Unity (OAU) summit in Monrovia.

The statement said the ADB board were not satisfied with Fordwor's answers to its questions about the running of the bank.

July 1, the board submitted a questionnaire to Fordwor about "several irregularities observed both in his activities and in the system of management," the statement said.

"He was not able to convince the board that he was aware of his errors and was prepared to turn over a new leaf," it added.

Moroccan-Spanish dispute over fishing rights settled

MADRID, July 1 (R) — Spain and Morocco have patched a long-standing dispute and signed a fishing agreement, their first for more than 10 years.

Spanish Transport Minister Salvador Sanchez-Teran said the agreement was signed early Saturday in Rabat.

The accord will last until next December 31 by which time it is hoped the Moroccan parliament will have ratified a longer-term agreement.

The agreement resulted from improved relations after a three-day visit to Morocco earlier this month by King Juan Carlos.

Before the king's visit, Morocco seized dozens of Spanish fishing boats and imposed heavy fines on their skippers for allegedly fishing within territorial waters.

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China delegation visits London to see Harrier jet

LONDON, July 1 (R) — A Chinese delegation arrived here Sunday for a look at the jump-jet Harrier aircraft, which they want to buy.

Yong, vice chief of the general staff, is heading the 12-member military delegation.

The British Defense Ministry said "the Harrier will almost certainly be a high area of interest."

The Soviet Union has warned Britain of serious consequences if it supplies China with the jet, which needs only a small take-off area and can operate in rugged terrain.

Britain has said it would sell the aircraft only as part of a wider trade deal.

The visit is described by British officials as all-purpose. It will include tours of various defense establishments, the first time such sensitive areas have been shown to the Chinese.

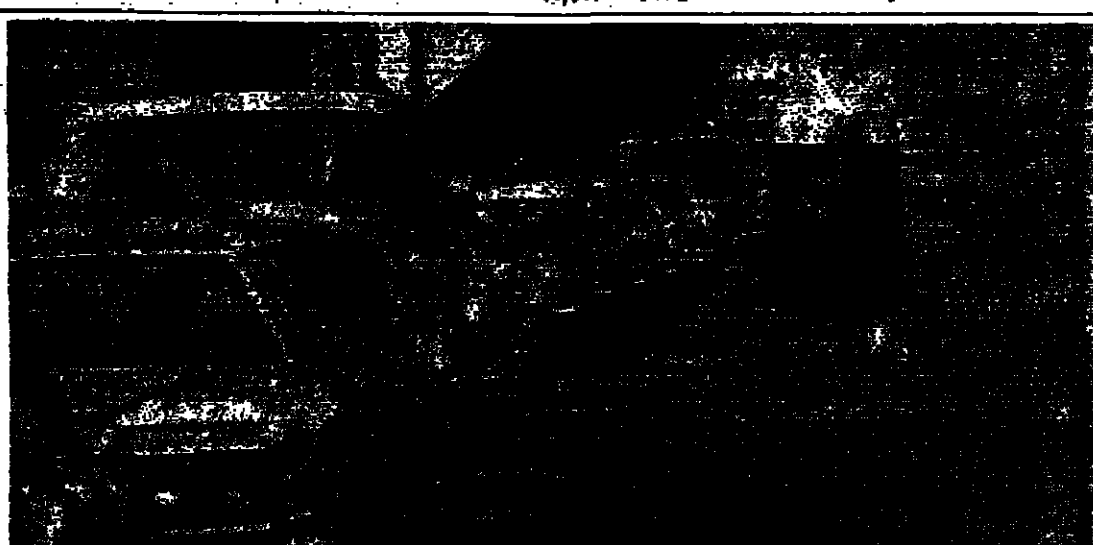
Britain's chief of defense staff, Sir Neil Cameron, invited the delegation.

Sir Neil made a controversial trip to China last year, during which he said Britain and China "both have an enemy at our door whose capital is Moscow."

The remarks brought complaints from the Soviet Union.

Yang, also the senior vice chief of the People's Liberation Army, was not in uniform when the delegation arrived at London's Heathrow Airport.

He will meet British Defense Secretary Francis Pym.



GET A HORSE: An Amish carriage passes a long line of cars waiting at gas station in Pennsylvania last week as a new mood in the U.S. begins to favor gas rationing. Congress is in Independence Day recess and immediate action is not likely.

Consumers in Russia face new price rises

MOSCOW, July 1 (AP) — In the second round of price increases in just over a year, the USSR increased the costs Sunday of jewelry, furs, rugs, automobiles and furniture, and hiked the price of an evening in a restaurant or cafe.

The announcement by the State Committee on Prices stressed the point that prices in this controlled economy remained unchanged as they have for many years on such

consumer basics as bread and dairy products, rent and electricity.

But an accompanying commentary by committee Chairman Nikolai Glushkov, carried by the Tass news agency, said that some of the price increases are being used to "adjust trade" in areas where demand exceeds supply.

He cited automobiles, jewelry, furs, carpets and furniture.

Glushkov said prices in restaurants and cafes in the evening — after 7 p.m. according to unofficial sources — are going up from 25 to 45 per cent.

Dining at a cafe or restaurant tends to be an evening-long affair and can already run anywhere from \$10 to more than \$40 per person. Prices at cheap eating places remain constant, the announcement said.

The retail prices of jewelry, including gold and silver, natural furs and articles made with fur, and carpets are increasing an average of 50 per cent, Glushkov said.

But the costs of dental gold is remaining constant, and a wedding-ring discount for first-time newlyweds, established when gold prices went up last year, is being increased.

The price of fur articles and furniture for children remains constant, Glushkov said.

The prices of passenger cars — which play a vastly smaller role in Soviet than in Western life — have been increased by an average of 18 per cent. This means the small Zhiguli car would rise in price from \$8,250 for its cheapest model to \$9,735.

The average Soviet monthly wage is \$255.

The more expensive Volga sedan, now selling for \$13,800 would rise to \$16,280. According to unofficial sources, however, the increase in price for this car is well above the 18 per cent average.

Imported furniture increases in cost by 30 per cent and Soviet-made furniture increases by 10 per cent.

U.S. gives \$68m aid to Delhi

NEW DELHI, July 1 (AP) — The United States and India have signed two agreements giving India \$68 million worth of U.S. credits for development projects.

The agreements were signed Saturday by U.S. Ambassador Robert Goheen and India's Economic Affairs Secretary Manmohan Singh.

The major agreement was for a \$58 million loan for accelerating the pace of electrification in rural areas. The second was to finance the import of insecticides to control malaria.

The loans are for 40 years, with a 10 year grace period, and carry an annual interest of two per cent during the grace period and three per cent thereafter.

During the signing ceremony, Singh said India welcomed the resumption in 1978 of economic aid by the United States, which he said "has contributed so much to our development" in the past.

U.S. military aid to India was suspended after the Indian-Pakistani war of 1971. U.S. ties with India were strained during the emergency clamped down by former Prime Minister Indira Gandhi in 1975. Since her defeat by Prime Minister Morarji Desai's Janata Party in 1977, relations between Washington and New Delhi have improved considerably.

Iranians take over 2 foreign companies

TEHRAN, July 1 (AP) — Iran will purchase the shares of the country's two foreign-owned insurance companies "so that they will not be able to continue working in Iran."

The official Pars news agency Saturday said the decision affects the British-owned Yorkshire Insurance Company and Ingosstrakh, the Soviet Union's foreign insurance company.

Monday, the government nationalized 13 private Iranian insurance companies, several of which had French, German, British and American interests.

Pars said an Iranian official will be appointed to wind up the affairs of Yorkshire and Ingosstrakh. It did not say what price was given for the purchase of their shares and company and government officials were not available for comment.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Opening Sunday	SAMA rate	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.38	3.39	3.39
Pound Sterling	7.33	7.41	7.41
Deutsche Mark (100)	183.00	184.75	184.50
Swiss F (100)	203.00	205.00	204.80
French F (100)	79.00	79.50	79.50
Italian Lira (1000)	4.10	4.10	4.10
Lebanese Lira (100)	—	104.75	104.50
Syrian Lira (100)	—	76.50	87.25
Egyptian Pound	—	4.55	4.76
Kuwaiti Dinar	—	12.25	12.25
Jordanian Dinar	—	11.25	11.24
Emirates Dirham (100)	—	89.25	89.25
Qatari Riyal (100)	—	90.50	90.50
Bahraini Dinar	—	8.90	8.90
Iranian Riyal (100)	—	—	—
Iraqi Dinar	—	—	—
Yemeni Riyal (100)	—	74.75	74.35
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	80.00	87.75
Indian Rupee (100)	—	—	42.50
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	—	34.40
Gold kg	—	30,800	—
10 Tolas bar	—	3,600	—
Silver kg bar	—	—	—
Japanese yen (100)	1.55	—	—
Canadian dollar	2.89	—	—
Belgian franc (10)	1.14	—	—
Dutch guilder	1.67	—	—

SAMA rates announced by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency, based on average rates on the London money market and the official price of the U.S. dollar.

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Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Opening Sunday	Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs				
	Fencing of some graveyards in Dawadmi	26-9/7/98	800	Sept. 3	
" " "	Fencing of some graveyards under Mirdaq municipality	"	250	Sept. 4	
" " "	Fencing of three graveyards under Mahayel municipality, Southern Province	"	150	Sept. 8	
" " "	Constructing of two washhouses for the dead in Shamasiah Rubaiyah, Qassim	116-9/7/98	350	Sept. 9	
" " "	Fencing of graveyards under Khamis Mesheh municipality	26-9/7/98	800	Sept. 10	
" " "	Temporary asphalted of some rural roads under Hayathem municipality	117-9/7/98	900	Sept. 11	
" " "	Constructing of a lavatory in Malaf Al-Janoub under Hayathem municipality	118-9/7/98	100	Sept. 15	
" " "	Constructing of a fish market in Abi Arish	119-9/7/98	200	Sept. 16	

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UAE COMMITMENT

The announcement of a new cabinet in the United Arab Emirates is the first real sign in recent months that the union has traversed the turbulent period that reached its apex with the boycotted meetings of the Supreme Federal Council and the subsequent resignation of the previous cabinet.

The importance of the unity experiment in the UAE lies in the fact that it is the first such Arab attempt at bridging national and tribal boundaries, and as such, it has been under the close scrutiny of other Arab countries with aspirations for similar experiments. Consequently, its success, or failure, will inevitably affect the approach and conviction of other seekers of unity.

Despite the inevitable birth pains, the UAE is increasingly showing that it is coming of age as a political and national entity, and that the leaders of the seven Emirates are committed to the goal of a modern state.

But the formation of a cabinet represents an early step towards the final goal of real and effective unity, and the way ahead is long and arduous. The Middle East area and the Gulf region in particular have traditionally been the focus of interest of colonial powers, and although the colonial days are behind us, they have been superseded by the greater menace of superpower politics and "zones of influence." As one of the richest and most strategic areas in the world, it can be safely assumed that the Gulf region will feature much more prominently in any superpower "deal" or disputes.

It would be naive to assume that a united front is impregnable, but it certainly affords a far more difficult target for outside forces. In the past individual rulers of the Emirates have acted with a considerable degree of autonomy in issues relating to the union as a whole, and it is hoped that with the new understanding, the UAE will speak with one voice—that of its central government in which all the sides are represented. Not to do so will once again open the door to rivalries and regional struggles at a time when such diversions can affect not only the UAE, but the Gulf region as a whole.

None of us needs to be reminded of the implied and often open threats to the region and its resources. Such outside threats must not be taken lightly or dismissed as attempts at intimidating the peoples of the region to conform to global policies. The dangers are real, and it is the duty and responsibility of peoples in the region to act in unity.

Much is expected of the United Arab Emirates in its efforts to forge a meaningful unity and a united front that can act as a deterrent to outsiders and a model to friends and brothers.

Japanese greeting for Mrs. Thatcher

By John Owen Davies

TOKYO —

"Welcome, Mrs. Thatcher" screamed the headline over a full-page Japanese advertisement timed to coincide with the arrival in Tokyo of the British Prime Minister for the seven-nation economic summit.

That was just a start, and Margaret Thatcher, the first woman to lead a major industrial nation, went on to become the undisputed media star at the annual two-day meeting.

The press devoted much space to discussing Mrs. Thatcher's politics — was she really an "Iron lady?" — describing her hairstyle, wondering where her shoes were made and generally trying to analyze the qualities that have thrust her to the forefront of international politics.

But for most people in Japan, where a woman's place is considered to be in the home, let alone the ornate smoke-filled rooms where decisions of state are made, Mrs. Thatcher remains an enigma.

Several Japanese journalists said they had planned to portray Mrs. Thatcher as the first woman to attend an annual economic summit, but after reading her autobiography they said they became more interested in her strong conservative beliefs.

Mrs. Thatcher impressed the Japanese despite a lack of opportunity for her to meet ordinary people, and newspapers described her in terms ranging from elegant, beautiful, chic and warm, to frank.

But at the same time some papers said she had the "sharp eyes and determined mind of an iron lady political leader."

One national paper, commenting on a banquet given by Emperor Hirohito for the leaders of the seven nations, said: Mrs. Thatcher was particularly outstanding...with a gorgeous evening gown among men dressed in tuxedos.

"She looked more like a lady than an iron lady," the "Sankei Shimbun" added when describing her cream gown and pearl necklace.

Mrs. Thatcher was dubbed the "Iron lady" by Moscow for her anti-Communist views while leading Britain's Conservative Party in opposition before winning an election two months ago.

Before she arrived, British officials, weary at being asked if any special arrangements were being made at the summit for the prime minister, made it clear that the fact that she was a woman had nothing to do with politics. — (R)



Communique of Tokyo summit conference

(EDITOR'S NOTE: Following is the text of the communique issued June 29 by the leaders of seven major industrial nations at the conclusion of their economic summit meeting in Tokyo.)

Declaration: Tokyo Summit Conference

The heads of state and government of Canada, the Federal Republic of Germany, France, Italy, Japan, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and the United States of America met in Tokyo on the 28th and 29th of June, 1979. The European Community (EC) was represented by the president of the European Council and by the president of the European Commission for discussion of matters within the Community's competence.

1. The agreements reached at the Bonn summit (economic summit last year) helped to improve the world economy. There was higher growth in some countries, a reduction of payments imbalances, and greater currency stability.

2. But new challenges have arisen. Inflation, which was subsiding in most countries, is now regaining its momentum. Higher oil prices and oil shortages have reduced the room for maneuver in economic policy in all our countries. They will make inflation worse and curtail growth, in both the industrial and developing countries. The non-oil developing countries are among the biggest sufferers.

We are agreed on a common strategy to attack these problems. The most urgent tasks are to reduce oil consumption and to hasten the development of other energy sources.

Our countries have already taken significant actions to reduce oil consumption. We will intensify these efforts.

The European Community has decided to restrict 1979 oil consumption to 500 million tons (ten million barrels a day) and to maintain Community oil imports between 1980 and 1985 at an annual level not higher than in 1978. The Community is monitoring this commitment and France, Germany, Italy and the United Kingdom have agreed to recommend to their Community partners that each member country's contribution to these annual levels will be specified. Canada, Japan, and the United States will each achieve the adjusted import levels to which they are pledged in the IEA (the International Energy Agency) for 1979, will maintain their imports in 1980 at a level not higher than these 1979 levels and will be monitoring this.

The seven countries express their will to take as goals for a ceiling on oil imports in 1985, the following figures:

— For France, Germany, Italy and the United Kingdom: the 1978 figure.

— Canada whose oil production will be declining dramatically over the period between now and 1985, will reduce its annual average rate of growth of oil consumption to one per cent...

— Japan adopts as a 1985 target a level not to exceed the range between 6.3 and 6.9 million barrels a day. Japan will review this target periodically and make it more precise in the light of current developments and growth projections, and do their utmost to reduce oil imports through conservation, rationalization of use and intensive development of alternative energy sources in order to move toward lower figures.

— The United States adopts as a goal for 1985 import levels not to exceed the levels either of 1977 or the adjusted target for 1979, i.e. 8.5 million barrels per day.

These 1985 goals will serve as a reference to monitor both energy conservation and the development of alternative energy sources.

A high level group of representatives of our countries and of the Commission, within the OECD (Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development), will review periodically the results achieved. Slight adjustments will be allowed to take account of special needs generated by growth.

In fulfilling these commitments, our guiding principle will be to obtain fair supplies of oil products for all countries, taking into account the differing patterns of supply, the effort made to limit oil imports, the economic situation of each country, the quantities of oil

available, and the potential of each country for energy conservation. We urge other industrialized countries to set similar objectives for themselves.

We agree to take steps to bring into the open the working of oil markets by setting up a register of international oil transactions. We will urge oil-importing and oil-exporting countries to moderate spot market transactions. We will consider the feasibility of requiring that at the time of unloading crude oil cargoes, documents be presented indicating the purchase price as certified by the producer country.

We will likewise seek to achieve better information on the profit situation of oil companies and on the use of the funds available to these companies.

We agree on the importance of keeping domestic oil prices at world market prices or raising them to this level as soon as possible. We will seek to minimize and finally eliminate administrative action that might put upward pressure on oil prices that result from domestic underpricing of oil and to avoid new subsidies which would have the same effect.

Our countries will not buy oil for governmental stockpiles when this would place undue pressure on prices. We will consult about the decisions that we make to this end.

3. We pledge our countries to increase as far as possible coal use, production, and trade, without damage to the environment. We will endeavor to substitute coal for oil in the industrial and electrical sectors, encourage the improvement of coal transport, maintain positive attitudes toward investment for coal projects pledge not to interrupt coal trade under long-term contracts unless required to do so by a national emergency, and maintain these contracts by measures which do not obstruct coal imports, for reasons of energy, regional and social policy.

We need to expand alternative sources of energy, especially those which help to prevent further pollution, particularly increases of carbon dioxide and sulphur oxides in the atmosphere.

Without the expansion of nuclear power generating capacity in the coming decades, economic growth and higher employment will be hard to achieve. This must be done under conditions guaranteeing our people's safety. We will cooperate to this end. The International Atomic Energy Agency can play a key role in this regard.

We reaffirm the understanding reached at the Bonn summit with respect to the reliable supply of nuclear fuel and minimizing the risk of nuclear proliferation.

New technologies in the field of energy are the key to the world's longer-term freedom from fuel crisis. Larger public and private resources will be required for the development and commercial application of those technologies. We will ensure that these resources are made available. An international energy technology group linked to the OECD, IEA and other appropriate international organizations will be created to review the actions being taken or planned domestically by each of our countries, and to report on the need and potential for international collaboration, including financing.

We deplore the decisions taken by the recent OPEC conference. We recognize that relative moderation was displayed by certain of the participants. But the unwarranted rises in oil prices nevertheless agreed are bound to have very serious economic and social consequences. They mean more world-wide inflation and less growth. That will lead to more unemployment, more balance of payments difficulty and will endanger stability in developing and developed countries of the world alike. We remain ready to examine with oil-exporting countries how to define supply and demand prospects on the world oil market.

4. We agree that we should continue with the policies for our economies agreed at Bonn, adjusted to reflect current circumstances. Energy shortages and high oil prices have caused a real transfer of incomes. We will try, by our domestic economic policies, to minimize the damage to our economies. But our options are limited. Attempts to compensate for the damage by matching income increases would simply add to inflation.

5. We agree that we must do more to improve the long-term productive efficiency and flexibility of our economies. The measures needed may include more stimulus for investment and for research and development; steps to make it easier for capital and labor to move from declining to new industries; regulatory policies which avoid unnecessary impediments to investment and productivity; reduced growth in some public sector current expenditures; and removal of impediments to the international flow of trade and capital.

6. The agreements reached in the Tokyo Round are an important achievement. We are committed to their early and faithful implementation. We renew our determination to fight protectionism. We want to strengthen the GATT (General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade), both to monitor the agreements reached in the MTN (Multilateral Trade Negotiations), and as an instrument for future policy in maintaining the open world trading system. We will welcome the participation of as many countries as possible in these agreements and in the system as a whole.

7. We will intensify our efforts to pursue the economic policies appropriate in each of our countries to achieve durable external equilibrium. Stability in the foreign exchange market is essential for the sound development of world trade and the global economy. This has been furthered since the Bonn summit by two important developments — the November 1st, 1978 program of the United States in conjunction with other monetary authorities, and the successful emergence of the European Monetary System. We will continue close cooperation in exchange market policies and in support of the effective discharge by the IMF (International Monetary Fund) of its responsibilities, particularly its surveillance role and its role in strengthening further the international monetary system.

8. Constructive North-South relations are essential to the health of the world economy. We for our part have consistently worked to bring developing countries more fully into the open world trading system and to adjust our economies to changing international circumstances. The problems we face are global. They can only be resolved through shared responsibility and partnership. But this partnership cannot depend solely on the efforts of the industrialized countries. The OPEC countries have just as important a role to play. The latest decision substantially to increase oil prices will also severely increase the problems facing developing countries without oil resources, as well as the difficulties for developed countries in helping them. The decision could even have a crippling effect on some of the developing countries. In this situation, we recognize, in particular, the need for the flow of financial resources to the developing countries to increase, including private and public, bilateral and multilateral resources. A good investment climate in developing countries will help the flow of foreign investment.

We are deeply concerned about the millions of people still living in conditions of absolute poverty. We will take particular account of the poorest countries in our aid programs.

Once more we urge COMECON (Council for Mutual Economic Assistance) countries to play their part.

We will place more emphasis on cooperation with developing countries in overcoming hunger and malnutrition. We will urge multilateral organizations to help these countries to develop effective food sector strategies and to build up the storage capacity needed for strong national food reserves. Increased bilateral and multilateral aid for agricultural research will be particularly important. In these and other ways, we will step up our efforts to help these countries develop their human resources through technical cooperation adapted to local conditions.

We will also place special emphasis on helping developing countries to exploit their energy potential. We strongly support the World Bank's program for hydrocarbon exploitation and urge its expansion. We will do more to help developing countries increase the use of renewable energy. We welcome the World Bank's coordination of these efforts.

saudi press review

Most Saudi papers Sunday led with King Khaled's interview with As-Siyassa newspaper of Kuwait, which was published simultaneously by Al-Jazirah in Saudi Arabia...Some of them also highlighted Ahmed Zaki Yamani's talks with leaders of the European Economic Community during which he reviewed the resolutions of the OPEC conference and the EEC's plans to reduce oil imports during the next five years. The Saudi Minister of Petroleum and Mineral Resources arrived in London Saturday after taking part in the OPEC conference.

Commenting on King Khaled's statements Al-Madina said: "King Khaled has clearly defined the main pillars of Saudi foreign policy, Arab, Muslim and international. Without mincing words, he emphasized the continuity of this policy, which has earned this country the respect of the world." Okaz said: "When King Khaled rejects any threats to the security of the region he is reiterating an Arab consensus that the age of naked power for political and economic ends has gone forever and that the world will not revert to the savagery of the Middle Ages, when physical power was

the basis of domination. "This age will not permit such arrogance of power to dominate international relations and send the world back to the age of imperialist piracy, when big powers savaged the small ones to get what they wanted and control their destinies. King Khaled has once again reaffirmed what the Gulf and other Muslim states have always stated: That the security of the Gulf is the prime responsibility of its people.

"The big powers must reassess their policies and find out why they are wrong instead of blaming others for all their ills. This is

because the small nations — which are determined to develop themselves — will never succumb to their threats or outright aggression.

"When King Khaled defines the basis of a comprehensive peace in the region he relies on the logic of justice since the Palestinian question remains the core of the Arab-Israeli conflict and there can be no peace in the region unless Palestinian rights are recognized, including that of statehood.

"The big powers ought really to review their policy if they are seriously concerned about peace in the region, should begin to live in the twentieth century and should shun their nostalgia for the Middle Ages," the newspaper said.

In another commentary Okaz said: "The statements made by the rulers of the Gulf states recently underscore a feeling of belonging to one community, and their determination to develop cooper-

ation in a more meaningful manner in various fields. This is a welcome development because it comes at a time of increasing threats to the stability and security of the region because of its God-given wealth. Thus the rulers have served notice to those who seek to destabilize their countries in the pursuit of selfish interests that they stand united and that they will do their best to ward off aggression."

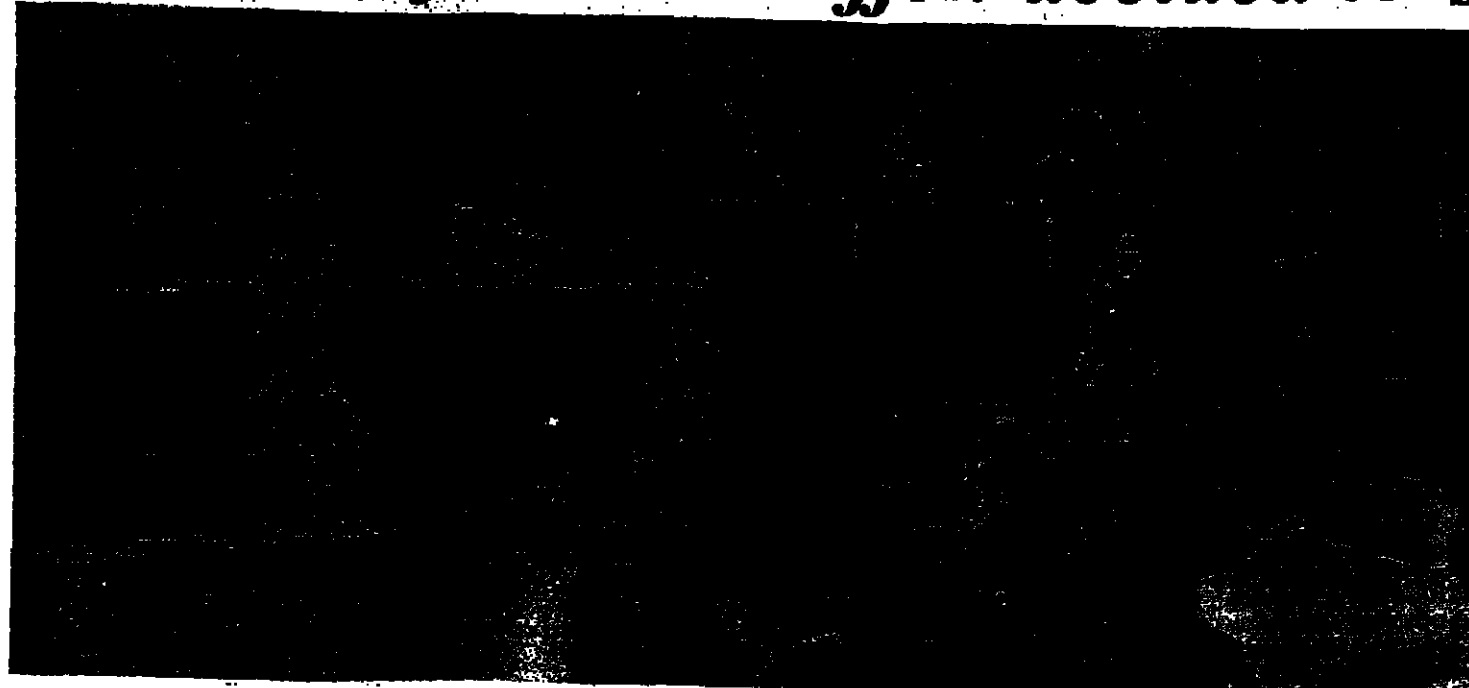
Al-Jazirah said: "Because of Saudi Arabia's extensive Arab and Islamic ties, and because it has no wish at all to forego them, it is being subjected to a vicious campaign of slander. Zionism, Communism and imperialism have joined in a vain attempt to undermine its influence and its leadership of Arab and Islamic causes. Because they consider it the spearhead of Arab and Islamic pursuit of their rights and justice, the Kingdom's enemies have been

mobilizing their resources against it. They see Saudi Arabia as the strongest single force meeting the challenges of the area and they see it fulfilling its obligations towards the Arabs and Muslims. Blind malice has driven its enemies to spread unfounded rumors against it — either to allege differences among the leaders or to allege that the leaders have conflicting views on various matters. But, by the grace of God, the Kingdom marches forward — system, King, leaders and people, on the road of prosperity for the country and for the Arabs and Muslims at large."

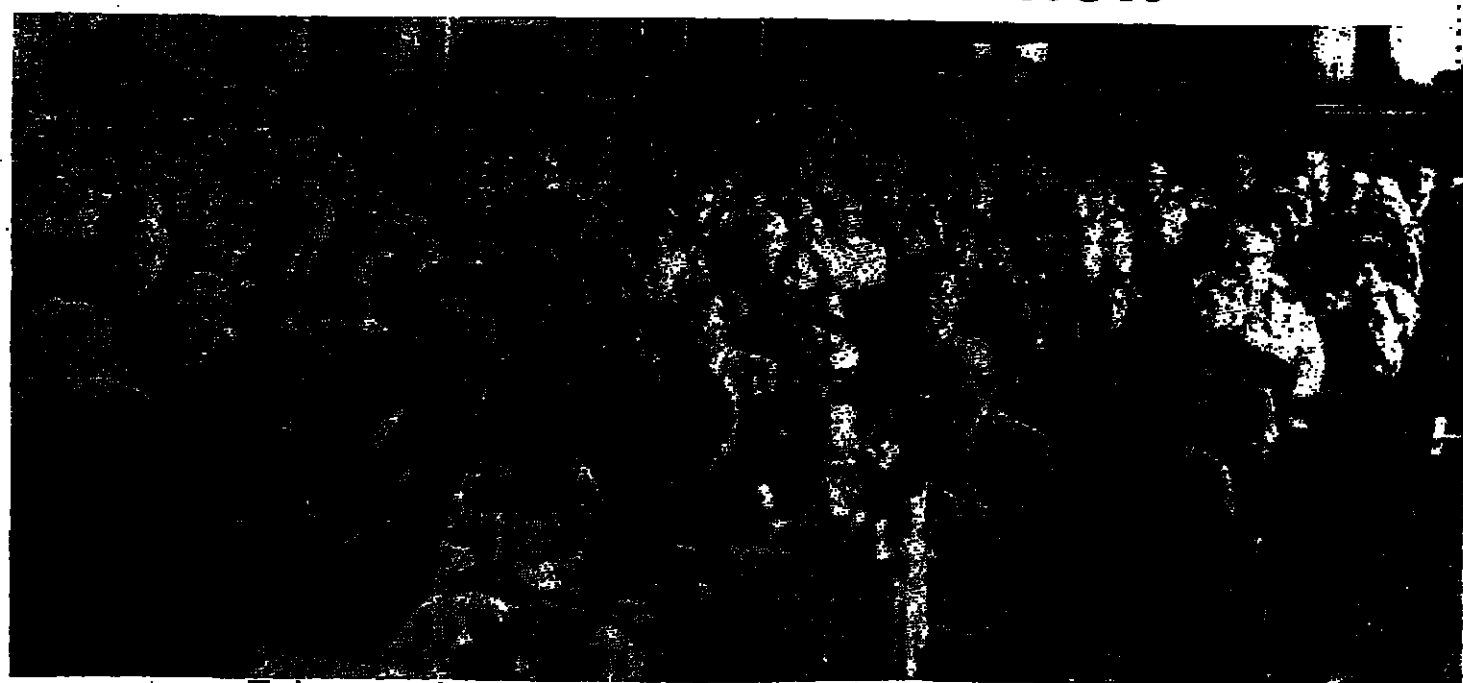
Al-Bilad said: "It is love and affection that bind the people of this country to the leadership, which strives at all times to provide them with the elements that make for happiness and prosperity. In return, the people give their leaders all the loyalty they are capable of, blended with genuine affection and absolute confidence"



Why Akram Ojeh decided to sell the Wildenstein collection



The Wildenstein collection goes under the auctioneer's hammer in Monte Carlo



The buyers are poised — and soon the priceless collection is split up and sold, for SR43 million

By Nigel Harvey

London Bureau

Last week's sale of the fabulous 200-lot Wildenstein furniture collection by Saudi entrepreneur Akram Ojeh brought him FF54.48 million (SR43 million) when it came under the hammer in Monte Carlo at what Sotheby's billed as "the furniture sale of the century."

The Monte Carlo auction also saw a new world record for an individual item of furniture — FF7.6 million (SR6 million) for a Louis XV corner cabinet, elaborately mounted with ormolu.

Ojeh bought the collection — lovingly pieced together over many years of dedicated searching across the world by the Wildenstein family of New York — two years ago.

His plan was to house it in his luxury liner "France", which he bought in October 1977 for a reported \$12 million and planned to turn into a floating hotel palace in Beirut. The dream ended when, a few hours after the two-day furniture sale ended in Monte Carlo Wednesday, lawyers in Paris exchanged sales documents selling the liner to Norwegian shipowner Ustein Kloster, for \$18 million. Kloster plans to make it the flagship of his Norwegian Caribbean Lines.

Ojeh abandoned his plan of a floating hotel for Beirut because



The prize piece, this Louis XV corner cabinet, went for SR6 million

of the Lebanese crisis, his spokesman Benot Kerub told "Arab News".

"Other sites for the liner were extensively investigated: Florida, Rio de Janeiro, the Caribbean and finally Montreal" said Kerub.

Montreal, fittingly French-connected, appeared the most hopeful destination, and after extensive negotiations official approval was received by federal and state governments. But in March the authorities suddenly told Ojeh they would need another year to reach their final decision.

"It would have taken a year to completely refurbish the ship to Mr. Ojeh's standards and he felt he couldn't take the risk of Montreal falling through," said Kerub.

By this time the whole idea of a floating hotel to house the Wildenstein collection had in any case been compromised, as naval technology and museum experts had told Ojeh that no amount of atmospheric conditioning on board could prevent serious permanent damage to the priceless furniture collection, by the sea air.

Although both furniture and liner are now sold, Ojeh still has a huge personal collection of paintings and objets d'art with which to console himself. He has also just acquired new shipping interests with the purchase of Navals de l'Estrel, a small military and pleasureboat shipyard in Cannes.



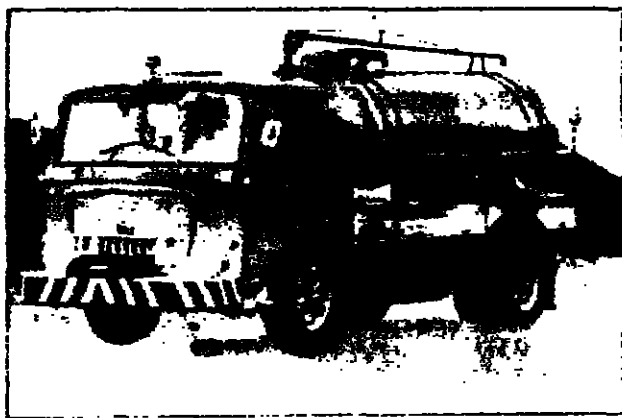
Akram Ojeh's German commode, reputedly made for the King of Poland

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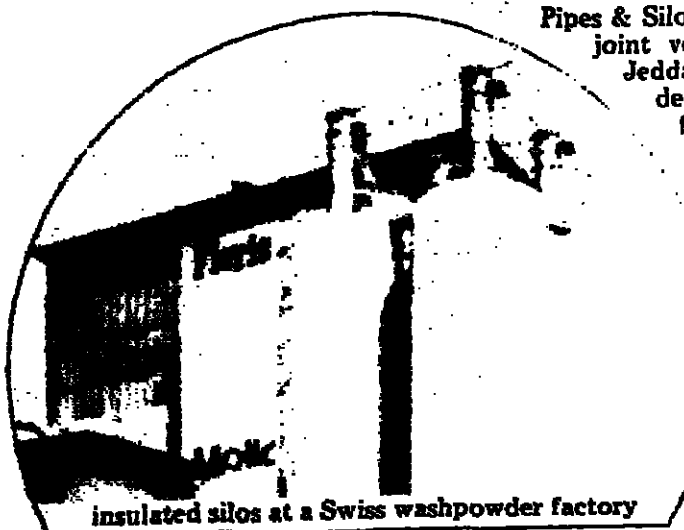


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Islamic Development Bank, P.O. Box 5925

Only four seeded men survive

15th seed crushes McEnroe in straight sets

LONDON, July 1 (R) — Second seeded John McEnroe of the United States Saturday became the most celebrated of the galaxy of men's stars to lose in the first week of Wimbledon when he tumbled in straight sets to compatriot Tim Gullikson, the 15th seed.

McEnroe, 20, a New Yorker who has been called "Superbrat", was crushed as only four seeded men survived to fight in Tuesday's quarter finals.

Apart from Gullikson, they were titleholder Bjorn Borg of Sweden and third and fifth seeded Americans Jimmy Connors and Roscoe Tanner.

The women's competition remained unscathed by major

upsets with the top eight seeds all going through to Monday's quarter finals.

American based titleholder Martina Navratilova survived precariously against South Africa's Greer Stevens, scrambling through 7-6, 6-7, 6-3, but the other seven seeds all had something to spare in winning their fourth round matches.

McEnroe had enjoyed a triumphant year, capturing the Masters title in New York in January and beating both Connors and Borg on the way to winning the Championship Tennis (WCT) finals in Dallas last month.

He reaped an estimated \$

800,000 in his first year as a professional.

He had determinedly set his sights on winning Wimbledon, the world's premier tournament, but on the infamous Number Two court where three other upsets occurred earlier in the week his ambitions turned to dust.

For Gullikson, from Wisconsin, the victory avenged the defeat McEnroe inflicted on his twin brother Tom Sunday. He weathered the pressures of a tense match with a maturity that McEnroe has still to acquire.

True to his unprepossessing form McEnroe began the match in a truculent mood, complaining that noise from an adjacent court was

distracting him. He was later called to the umpire's chair to be reprimanded for a remark to a line judge who had foot-faulted him.

In the end, though, McEnroe surrendered almost meekly to his opponent's speed, calm authority and range of shots.

Gullikson took eight successive games to wrap up the second set and go 4-0 ahead in the third. He was roared on at every point by the thousands of spectators packed around the court and almost bursting through the canvas barriers onto it.

McEnroe rallied midway through the third set, holding his own service to love with four aces, and breaking his opponent for the first time during the match in the next game.

He saved one match point in the ninth game and another in the tenth where he had led 40-15.

But on an afternoon when very little went right for him — even shots which hit the net cord always seemed to fall back on his side of the court — he put two service returns into the net to give Gullikson a thoroughly merited victory.

McEnroe's defeat left Tanner as favorite to reach the final from the bottom half of the draw, although, of course, he must first beat Gullikson in the quarter finals on Tuesday.

After his defeat, McEnroe conceded: "Tim played a very smart match. I've got to give him a lot of credit."

But he added that a thigh injury he received before the tournament had not helped. "I've had a little trouble pushing up for my serves because of it. I don't like to make excuses but I wish I'd been 100 per cent."

Tanner, the man with the rocket-launcher serve, won convincingly Saturday but not before dropping a set for the first time in the tournament. He beat Jose Luis Clerc, the 14th seed from

Argentina, 6-7, 7-6, 4-6, 6-1.

In the top half of the draw Borg and Connors remain on course for a semifinal meeting. Borg, the winner here for the last three years, mowed down American Brian Teacher 6-4, 5-7, 6-4, 7-5, for his 25th successive Wimbledon singles victory.

The Swede's quarter-final opponent will be unseeded Dutchman Tom Okker, the man he beat in the semi-finals last year. Okker Saturday defeated Gene Mayer of the United States 7-6, 5-7, 6-4, 6-4.

Connors, Wimbledon champion in 1974, was the most convincing fourth round winner, putting out Britain's Mark Cox 6-2, 6-1, 6-1, in a mercilessly one-sided encounter. Connors now faces American Bill Scanlon, who beat Australia's Brad Drewett 6-4, 6-4, 6-7, 7-5.

The fourth quarter-final will be between two unseeded players, Italy's Adriano Panatta, who beat American Sandy Mayer 7-6, 6-3, 7-6 and Pat Dupre of the United States, who eliminated compatriot Bob Lutz 3-6, 7-5, 4-6, 6-4, 8-6, in a cliffhanger.

The quarter-final line up in the women's singles is Navratilova against Australia's Dianne Fromholtz, Tracy Austin against Billie-Jean King in an all-American contest, Britain's Virginia Wade against Evonne Coolidge of Australia, and Chris Evert-Lloyd, the American second seed, against Australia's Wendy Turnbull.

While Navratilova struggled for her fourth round success Saturday, Lloyd looked sharp and menacing in disposing of compatriot Laura Dupont 6-2, 6-1. But she was cautious about her title chances.

"I haven't had any really tough matches yet and when that happens you can't really tell whether you are playing well or not."

Third round leader

Bryant bursts through in Memphis golf

MEMPHIS, Tennessee, July 1 (AP) — Brad Bryant, who has been having mixed luck on the professional golf tour, fired a four-under-par 68 Saturday to grab the third round lead in the \$300,000 Danny Thomas Memphis classic.

Bryant's 54-hole total of 209 gave him a one-stroke edge over Tom Kite, who carded a 69 Saturday at the 7,249-yard Colonial Country Club. Peter Jacobsen, Jim Simson, Wally Armstrong, Cesar Sanudo and Larry Ziegler were bunched at 211.

Second-round leader Jack Newton of Australia slumped to 76 for 214. Defending champion Andy

Bean stayed in triking distance with a 68, to give him a 213.

The best round of the day belonged to Rod Curl, who had a 67 to run his total to 212.

Bryant, 24, who joined the tour last year, had four birdies for the day. He seemed unaffected by the wet fairways and high winds which produced less than satisfying scores for some of the early leaders.

Bryant's best finish this year was a tie for fourth in the Bing Crosby Open. He missed the cut in nine of his 18 tournament entries this year and qualified for the Danny Thomas with a two-under-par 80 Monday.

Kite, whose best efforts this year have been third-place finishes at Phoenix and Sea Pines, was at 141 behind Newton's 138 as the third round began.

Dearborn

DEARBORN, Michigan, July 1 (AP) — Judy Rankin tied a single-round mark of nine birdies Saturday on her way to a course record 65 and a five-shot lead going into Sunday's final round of a ladies professional golf tournament.

Rankin, who went into Saturday's action three shots behind second-round leader Debbie Austin, played a skilful combination of shots from the rough, sand and soggy fairways for her seven-under-par round. She takes a 208 into Sunday's play, eight shots under par.

The veteran needed only 23 puts in shattering both the men's and women's records at the Dearborn Country Club course — firing five birdies on the front nine for a 32 and four on the backside for a 33.

Austin, who carded a 73, was alone at three-under-par 213.



DOWNED: John McEnroe, beaten in straight sets at Wimbledon Saturday by 15th-seeded Tim Gullikson.

Boston edges Yankees 3-2

Yaz hits 399th homer of career

NEW YORK, July 1 (AP) — Carl Yastrzemski hit his 399th career home run in the ninth inning Saturday to give the Boston Red Sox a 3-2 victory over the New York Yankees.

Yaz sent 1-1 pitch from former teammate Luis Tiant into the lower right field stands for his 16th homer of the season. Bob Stanley got the victory with a five-hitter.

Bob Watson hit a two-run single off Tiant in the second inning but New York got a run back in the third on successive doubles by Juan Beniquez and Bucky Dent and tied it in the eighth on a two-out error by second baseman Jerry Remy.

In other, American league games, Roy Smalley drove in five runs with a single, double and his homer and Minnesota coasted to a 16-4 romp over the Chicago White Sox, while Jim Norris went 4-for-4 with an RBI and Andre Thornton homered as Cleveland beat Detroit 4-2.

In the NL, Joel Youngblood and Lee Mazzilli hit two-run homers in a six-run top of the 11th that gave New York a 9-8 victory over the Chicago Cubs, who scored five runs in the bottom of the inning, four on pinch-hitter Mike Vail's grand slam. The 11 runs matched the Major League record for the most runs in an 11th inning, set in 1969 by Seattle and Boston.

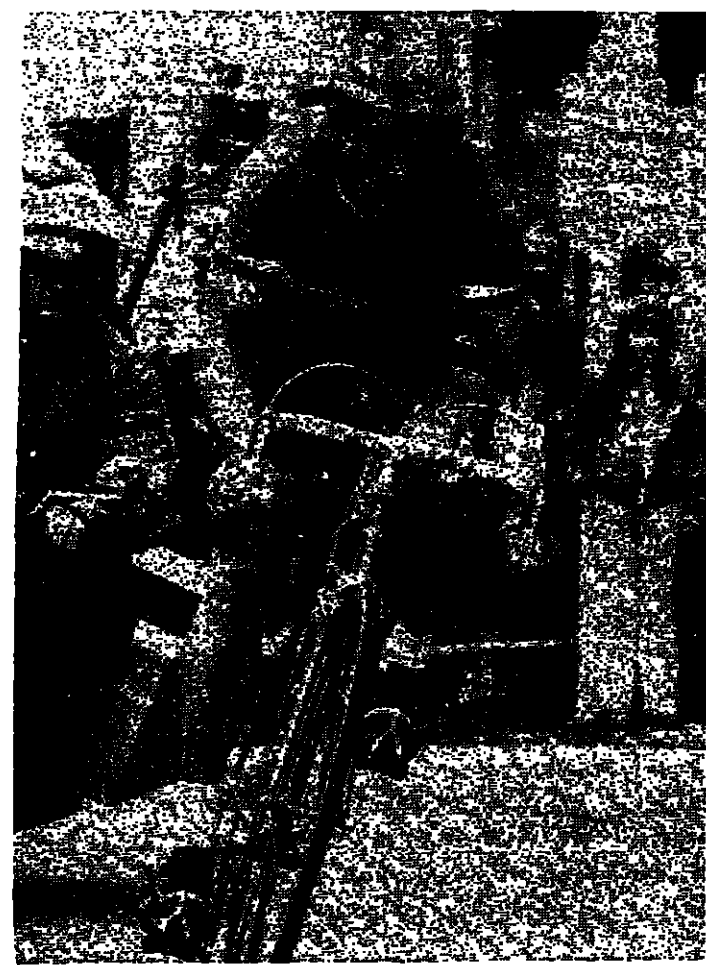
In other games, two-run homers by Larry Parrish and Rodney Scott and Andre Dawson's solo shot powered Montreal past Pittsburgh 5-3, and Tom Seaver pitched a two-hitter in Cincinnati's 2-0 victory over San Francisco.

Home runs by Gorman Thomas, Paul Molitor and Sirio Lezcano powered the Milwaukee brewers to an 8-1 victory over the Seattle Mariners while Bobby Rich and Willie Aikens slammed homers and Joe Rudi drove in two runs with a checked-swing single to give the California Angels an 8-5 victory over the Kansas City Royals.

The Baltimore Orioles rode Ken Singleton's home run and Mike Flanagan's six-hitter to a 2-0 victory over the Toronto Blue Jays. Al Oliver's bases-loaded infield single in the ninth inning lifted the Texas Rangers past the Oakland A's 4-3.

In the National League, Greg Gross raced home from second base in the 10th inning when Larry Bowa broke up a double play and Greg Luzinski followed with a run-scoring single as the Philadelphia Phillies downed the St. Louis Cardinals 6-4.

Houston posted its 10th victory in its last 12 games by blanking the San Diego Padres 3-0 behind Astro pitcher J.R. Richard's three-hitter while pinch-hitter Charlie Spikes singled home Barry Bonnell in the 10th inning to snap a 4-4 tie and lead the Atlanta Braves to a 7-4 victory over the Los Angeles Dodgers.



LEADING: Bernard Hinault

PAU, France, July 1 (R) — Defending champion Bernard Hinault of France has stamped his dominance on the 1979 Tour de France by winning the third stage, from Luchon to Pau in the Pyrenees.

It was his second victory in two days and it increased his overall lead in the tour over Dutchman Joop Zoetemelk and Joaquim Agostinho of Portugal, now in joint second place.

The tough 180.5 kilometer (112.5 mile) stage Saturday took the 142 riders over three high passes, and Hinault owed his victory to brilliant mountain tactics.

Early in the race a group of about 30 riders, including Zoetemelk, Agostinho and of course Hinault, broke away from the main pack.

At the second of the passes, the Col d'Aspin, Rene Bittiger of France stepped up the pace and tried to shake off the other front-runners.

But with help from his teammates Hinault caught him and himself took the lead.

For almost all of the remaining four hours of the race he stayed just ahead of the pack, completely in control and ready for any other attempt to break away.

No try was made, and as they swept down from the mountains into the streets of Pau the stocky Frenchman in the overall leaders' yellow jersey was still out in front.

About 500 meters from the finish the sprint began, but Hinault responded and crossed the line about five seconds ahead of surprise second placed Rudi Pevenage of Belgium and Gianbattista Baronche of Italy in third.

Heavy rain early in the day made the riders' task more difficult and Giovanni Battaglin of Italy, who started Saturday in sixth overall, slipped and fell.

Italian-American becomes world middleweight champ

MONTE CARLO, July 1 (AP) — Italian-American Vito Antuofermo became the new world middleweight champion Saturday night when he scored an upset points victory over Hugo Corro of Argentina in 15 tough, bruising rounds.

Antuofermo, strong as an ox, won six of the last seven rounds as the light of battle in Corro's eyes turned to desperation.

Corro, the only world champion recognized by both the WBA and the WBC, did not throw enough punches to stay in the fight or to win over the small crowd of 1,000 at a makeshift stadium in a converted parking lot.

But the fight was close. Many in the crowd scored it even, but few disputed the final decision.

The referee was from Mexico and the two judges from England. Antuofermo will now fight American Marvin Hagler, probably in September in Las Vegas. Hagler beat Norberto Cabrera to a standstill in a technical knockout in eight dazzling rounds earlier in the evening.

In the other major fight of the night, the young Argentinian Alfredo Cabral scored a quick and easy technical knockout over Agin "Tap Tap" Makhrami of South Africa.

Hagler left the converted parking lot for the uncrowned king of the middleweight division. He is the perfect boxer and appeared more impressive than the evening's other two victors.

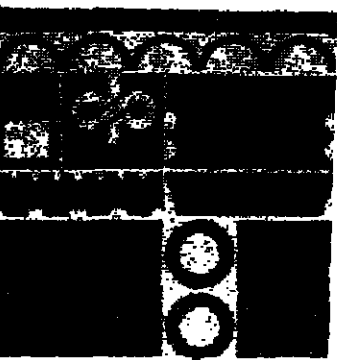
The left-hander drew awe and praise from former world champ Nino Benvenuti of Italy.

He had "never seen anything like" Hagler's eight-round performance.

Emile Griffith, the legendary American boxer who won and lost five world titles, was also unimpressed in his praise for Hagler and predicted: "He'll be the champ."

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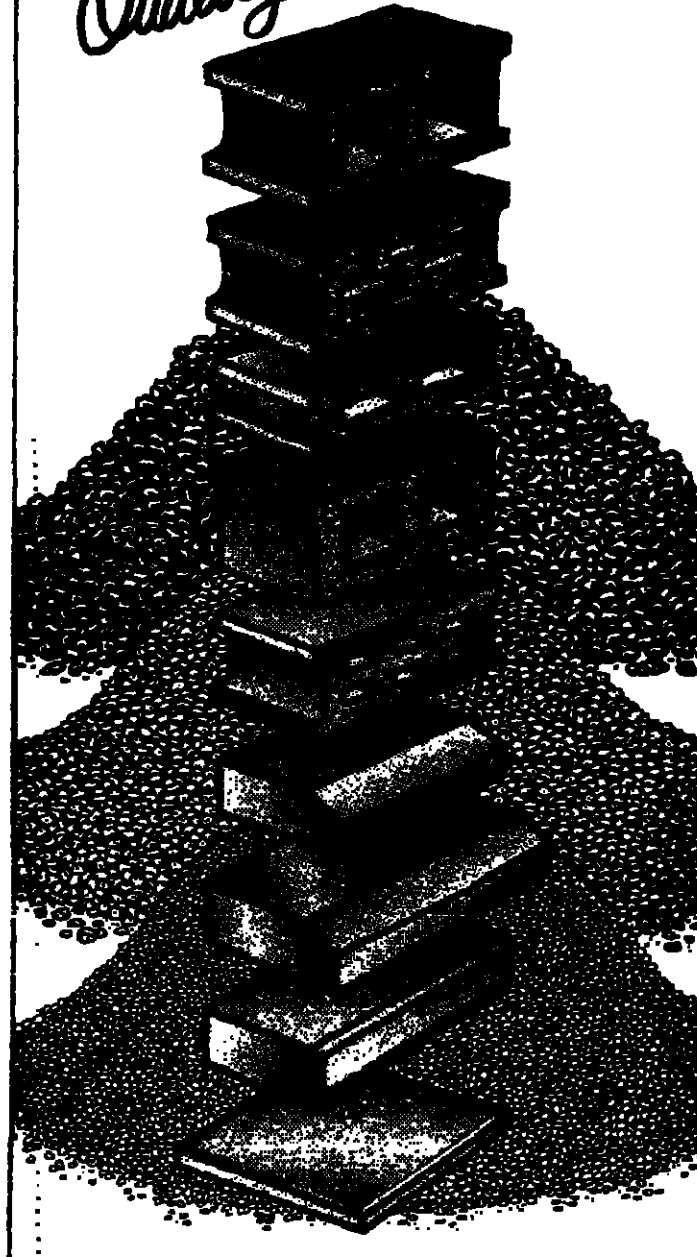
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Goods via Mozambique ports rise

MAPUTO, Mozambique, July 1 (AP) — The tonnage of cargo handled at Mozambique's two southern ports rose by 28 per cent the first three months of 1979. "Noticias," a daily newspaper, said Maputo port handled 814,000 tons of merchandise in the first quarter compared with 667,000 tons in the same period last year. At nearby Matola port, which includes a mechanized wharf, 828,000 tons were handled in the first quarter of this year compared to 632,000 tons in the same period 1978.

arab news

Middle East Shipping Information

Compiled with the co-operation of Lloyds of London.

Diesel oil spills in U.S. harbor

NEW YORK, July 1 (AP) — Up to 120,000 gallons of diesel fuel spilled from a Liberian tanker late Saturday as it hit bottom while navigating Newark Bay, the Coast Guard reported. The fuel was lost as the 648-foot vessel, Sea Speed Arabia, was leaving Port Elizabeth without the aid of a tugboat. Officials said the magnitude of the spill or any danger to land could not be determined until daylight Sunday, when helicopters would survey the scene.

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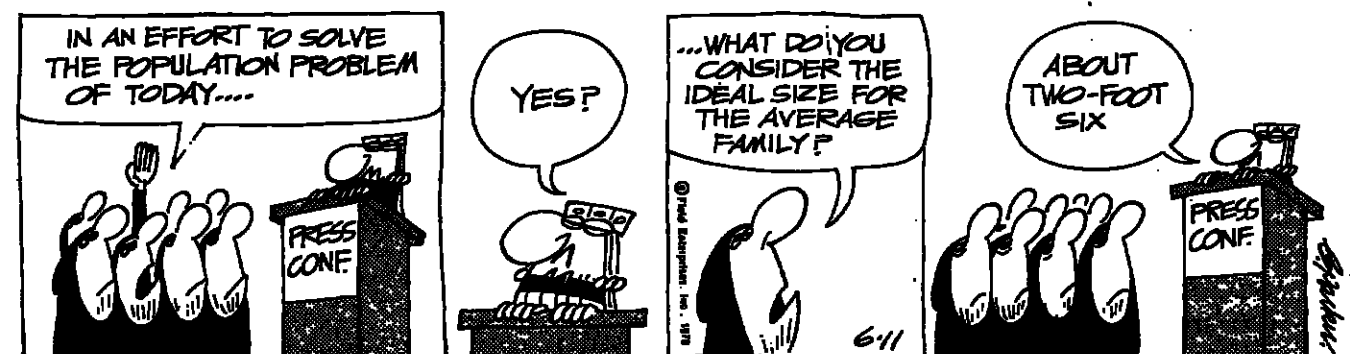
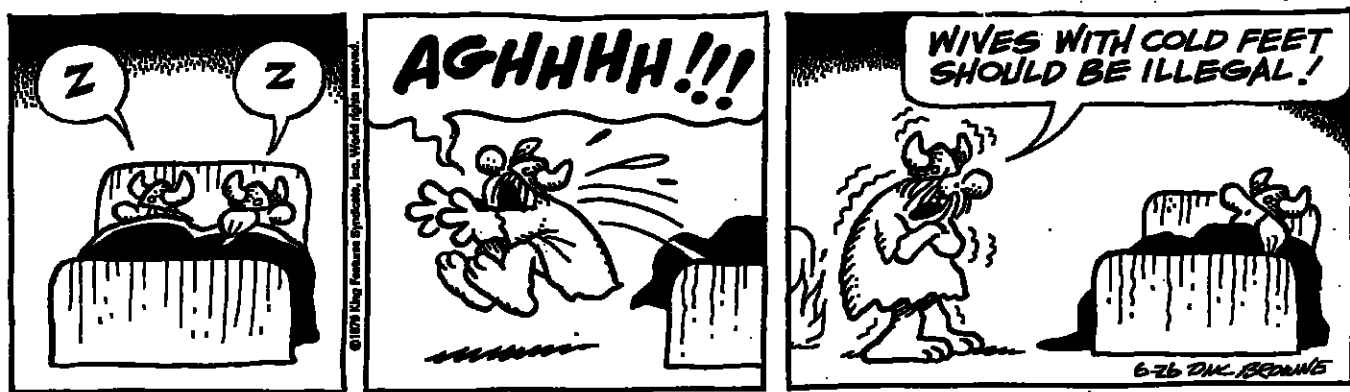
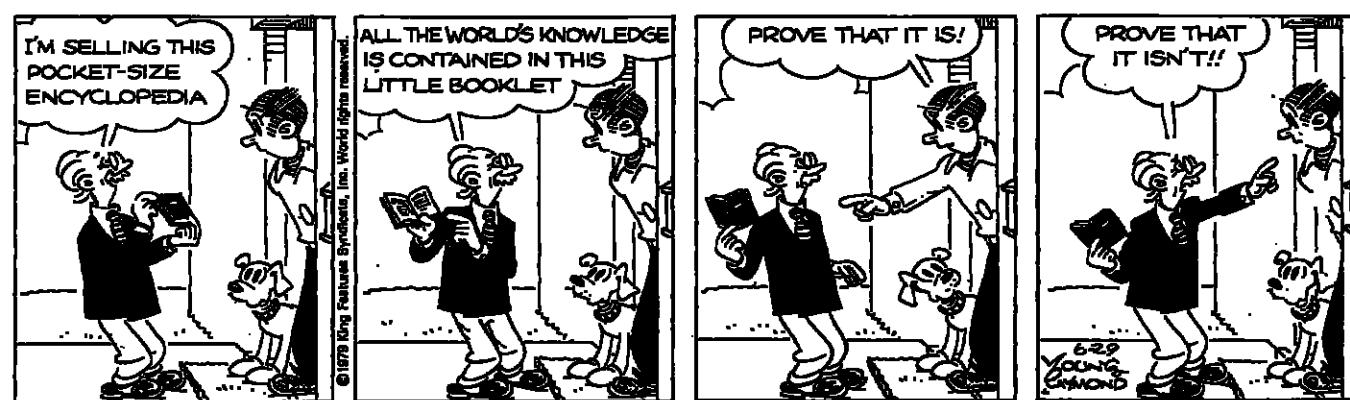
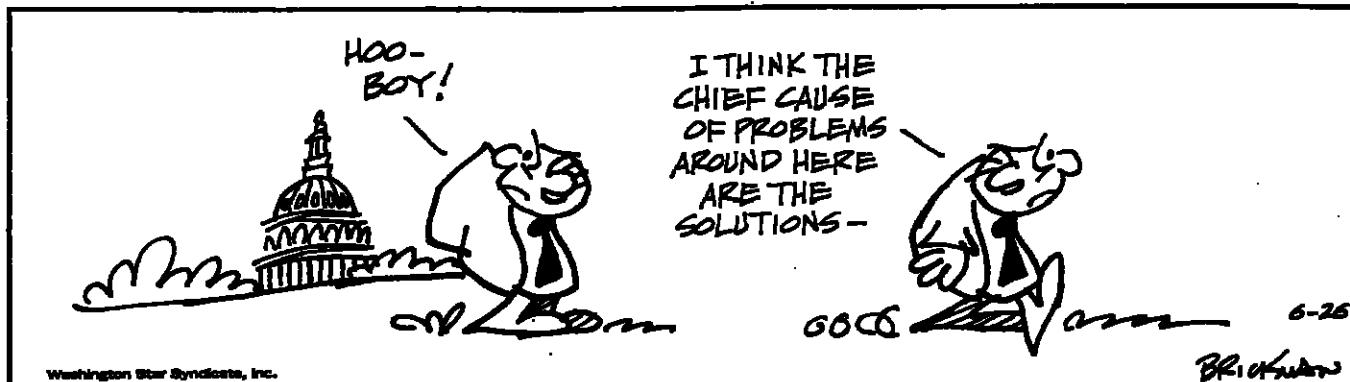
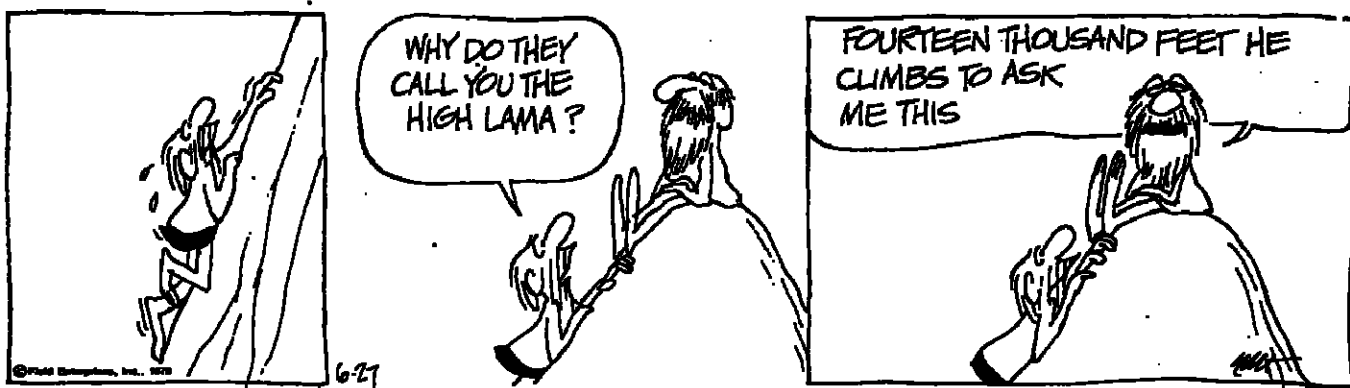
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Dennis the Menace



That's a buffalo on that nickel, son. Not a cow.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword
by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS
1 Love
4 Distribute
11 Profit
12 French river
13 Conjure up
14 Noted TV producer
15 Wee one
17 Incessant
22 Fluffy entrance
23 Film
24 Tough guy
25 Fitted with
26 Fragrant
27 — of life
30 Treat
31 Fisherman's specialty
32 Snake
33 Mild oath
37 Ghostly milieu
40 Modigliani support
41 Ovarian
42 Electrode
43 Man of many words
DOWN
1 Obstacle
2 Former Mrs.
3 Paddy-rice culture people

ANSWERS
4 Across: RIVER
11 Across: GAIN
12 Across: SEINE
13 Across: MAGIC
14 Across: BOB HOPE
15 Across: DAVE NEWMAN
16 Across: NIP
17 Across: NOISY
22 Across: WOOLLY
23 Down: GHOST
24 Down: TIGHT
25 Down: SUIT
26 Down: WOOD
27 Down: OF
30 Down: TREAT
31 Down: FISHERMAN
32 Down: SNAKE
33 Down: MILD
37 Down: GHOSTLY
40 Down: MODIGLIANI
41 Down: OVARY
42 Down: ELECTRODE
43 Down: MAN OF MANY WORDS

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FOUND IN EXCELLENT CONDITION
100 YEARS LATER

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TO KEEP THEIR FLOCKS IN VIEW,
PATROL ON STILTS FITTED
WITH ANTI-FOG LIGHTS

Contract Bridge B. Jay Becker

Bidding Quiz

You are South in each of the following three hands. What would you bid at the point where the question mark appears?

1. ♠KQJ7 ♠AKQJ4 ♠AQJ3 ♠—
South West North East
2 ♠ 3 ♠ 3 ♠ 3 ♠

2. ♠AKJ2 ♠AKJ4 ♠10 ♠Q8
South West North East
1 ♠ 2 ♠ 2 ♠ 2 ♠

3. ♠AKJ3 ♠KQ ♠10 ♠AJ852
South West North East
1 ♠ 2 ♠ 2 ♠ 2 ♠

4. Four diamonds. Once partner responds constructively to your forcing two heart bid (North would have responded two notrump with a weak hand), you should feel confident about making a small slam in diamonds, and possibly a grand slam. About all you need from North for the grand slam to come home are the king of diamonds and ace of spades.

5. By far the best strategy is to raise partner to four diamonds, hoping he will bid four spades to show the ace. In that case, you plan to go to seven diamonds. It would be unwise to jump to four notrump (Blackwood) over three diamonds. North might respond five diamonds, indicating one ace, and you would not know whether he had the ace of clubs or ace of spades. It would also be wrong to bid three hearts over three diamonds. Your hearts are rebiddable, of course, but after the three diamond response you should strongly favor partner's suit, not yours.

6. Four clubs. You'd like to have a third trump, of course, but two is all you were dealt. North is almost sure to have six (possibly seven) clubs, and your Q-5 are therefore adequate support. You should not persist with either spades or hearts, which could easily lead to the wrong contract. A direct raise to five clubs is an alternate possibility.

7. Four hearts. Here, also, you should have no commitments about raising North with only two trumps (which are of much better quality this time). Your heart raise may do much more than get you to the best game contract; it may also get you to a good slam contract.

8. It might bother you to bid clubs, spades and hearts in that order — without once rebidding your ace-card suit. But that is a mighty small price to pay for making the four heart bid that is almost certain to produce the best result. The singleton diamond that you indirectly identify by bidding the other three suits may easily turn out to be the key to a slam.

ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYER TIMES

Mosque	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	4:20	5:49	12:31	3:50	7:09	8:39
Medina	4:08	5:35	12:32	3:53	7:16	8:46
Nejd	3:41	5:16	12:04	3:25	6:47	8:17

DHAHRAN TV

4:30 Childrens Show	Ses St: 1127, Laff a
5:55 The Monster Squad	Lympics: Ariz
6:19 The Waltons	No Face
7:06 Randall & Hopkirk	Career Girl
Safety Film	The Ghost Talks
8:05 Kojak	Fire Safety Hot Stuff
	Photo Must Credit Joe
8:53 Theater of Stars	Paxton
	In Any Language

WEATHER

Forecast for the next 24 hours:
Fair weather over the western and southwestern highlands. Low clouds over the southwestern region are likely to offer chances of sporadic thunderstorms. The northern and western regions will have a moderate weather, but the eastern and central regions will remain hot. Surface winds will blow mostly northwesterly at moderate to active speed over the western coast.
Sea conditions will be calm to moderate in the territorial waters.

Sunday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca	41	31	Tabuk	34	21
Jeddah	37	26	Turaif	31	19
Riyadh	43	29	Rafha	41	27
Dhahran	45	33	Bisha	38	23
Medina	37	26	Sulayil	42	30
Taif	32	21	Abha	29	20

SAUDI RADIO

(English Service)

On FM at 98 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band
On SW at 11.855 MHz in 25 meter band

MONDAY:

Afternoon Transmission	10:01 The Holy Quran
2:00 Opening	10:05 Message to the Faithful
2:01 The Holy Quranic	10:10 Light Music
2:05 Gems of Guidance	10:15 NEWS
2:10 S.A. — Historical Notes	10:25 S.A. A Daily
2:20 On Islam	Chronicle
2:30 Hits in Germany	1:30 Melody Makers
3:00 NEWS	11:00 Youth Welfare
3:10 Press Review	11:10 Music
3:15 Music	11:15 Hot Rock
3:20 Islamic Activities	11:45 The Golden Age
3:30 Leaps and Bounds	12:00 Imp. Com &
3:40 Music	Recollections
3:50 Close Down	12:10 Music
	12:15 Mood Music
	12:45 A Rendezvous with
	Dreams
Evening Transmission	1:00 Close Down
10:00 Opening	

VOA

F.M.

8:00 News Roundup:	10:05 Opening: Analyses
Reports: Actualities:	News Summary
Opinion; Analyses	10:30 VOC Magazine:
8:30 DateLine	America; Science;
News Summary	Cultural; Letter
9:00 Special English:	11:00 Special English: News
News; Feature: The	USA: (Jazz)
Making of a Nation	11:30 Music USA: (Jazz)
News Summary	VOA WORLD REPORT:
9:30 Music USA:	Midnight
(Standards)	12:00 News newsmakers'
10:00 News Roundup:	voices correspondents
Reports: Actualities	reports background
	features media comments
	news analyses.

BBC

Morning Transmission	4:30 The Pleasure's Yours
8:00 World News	5:15 Report on Religion
8:09 * Twenty-Four Hours	6:00 Radio Newsreel
News Summary	6:15 * Outlook
8:30 * Sarah Ward	7:00 World News
8:45 World Today	7:09 Commentary
9:00 Newsweek	7:15 * Sherlock Holmes
9:30 * Opera Star	7:45 World Today
10:00 World News	8:00 World News
10:09 Twenty-Four Hours	8:09 * Books and Writers
News Summary	8:30 * Take One
10:30 * Sarah Ward	8:45 Sports Round-up
10:45 * Something to Show	9:00 World News
You	9:09 News about Britain
11:00 World News	9:15 Radio Newsreel
11:09 Reflections	9:30 Farming World
11:15 Piano Style	10:00 Outlook News
11:30 Brain of Britain 1978	Summary
12:00 World News	10:39 Stock Market Report
12:09 British Press Review	10:43 Look Ahead
12:15 World Today	10:45 Ulster in Forces
12:30 Financial News	11:00 World News
12:40 Look Ahead	11:09 Twenty-Four Hours:
12:45 The Tony Myatt	News Summary
Request Show	11:30 The Pleasure's Yours
Evening Transmission	Midnight Transmission
1:15 Ulster in Focus	12:15 Talkabout
1:30 Discovery	12:45 Nature
2:00 World News	Notebook
2:09 News about Britain	1:00 World News
2:15 Alphabet of	1:09 World Today
Musical Curios	1:25 Financial News
2:30 Sports International	1:35 BBOOK Choice
2:40 Radio Newsreel	1:40 Reflections
3:15 Promenade Concert	1:45 Sports Round-up
3:45 Sports Round-up	2:00 World News
4:00 World News	2:09 Commentary
4:09 Twenty-Four Hours:	2:15 The Face of England
News Summary	

Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake

FOR MONDAY, JULY 2, 1979
What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

ARIES

(Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) ♈
Tension possible with family members. Take time to revitalize relationships with extra time spent together. Accent harmony.

TAURUS

(Apr. 20 to May 20) ♉
Pressure from work affects outlook. Avoid arguments with co-workers. Re-evaluate work procedures. Possible domestic opportunity.

GEMINI

(May 21 to June 20) ♊
Avoid extravagant spending on pleasure, but do enjoy leisure time. You may revise your outlook about a current romantic interest.

CANCER

(June 21 to July 22) ♋
Domestic decisions accentuated. An opportunity re property-family interests results in a new perspective. Listen to all proposals.

LEO

(July 23 to Aug. 22) ♌
Shake away mental cobwebs. Make resolutions to fully use creative potentials. A relative may be changing lifestyles.

VIRGO

(Aug. 23 to Sept. 22) ♍
Tension with friends about

financial matters may cause you to re-evaluate thinking. You may get a financial tip from confidential sources.

LIBRA

(Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) ♎
Downplay ego in dealings with higher-ups. Encouragement from friends increases confidence. Be less insistent on own way.

SCORPIO

(Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) ♏
Possible worry about educational matters, but look from higher-ups. Ask favors in private. Be circumspect in dealings with others.

SAGITTARIUS

(Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) ♐
Financial matters affect friendships. Talks with advisers eliminate doubts. Take part in community projects. Be a good observer.

CAPRICORN

(Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) ♑
Unforeseen twists affect status. Seek backing for important career projects. A dilemma may turn out to be a blessing in disguise.

AQUARIUS

(Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) ♒
Vacation plans may be revised. Possible benefits through the ideas of partner or close allies. Distant interests affect career.

PISCES

(Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) ♓
Talks with higher-ups should eliminate indecision as to whether you can afford large outlay of capital for luxury item.

This week read about:
A week for energy decisions
Interview with Otto Lambsdorff
Technology transfer from Switzerland
The first Saudi flag LPG tanker

International Finance

International Bourse, Commodities, Money and Exchange Rates

For further information, call
TEHAMA
 for Advertising, Public Relations
 and Marketing Studies
 -A Ministry of Foreign Affairs Circle, Tel: 40000

LONDON	Ireland	2.0425
	Hong Kong	5.0875

LONDON		NEW YORK	
June 29	Range	June 29 Opening Prices	
USA	2.1875-2.1885	STC	2.1640-2.1655
Canada	2.5300-2.5310	BFR CON	29.625-29.64
France	4.7550-4.7559	CAN	85.40-85.78
Belgium	4.7540-4.7550	FR	4.2940-4.2970
Italy	1.944-1.945	STC	83.432-83.90
Spain	1.944-1.945	FR	2.0225-2.0310
Switzerland	3.9925-4.0025	BFR	1.6425-1.6435
W. Germany	3.9925-4.0025	LFR	1.6430-1.6490
Netherlands	3.9925-4.0025	DMK	UNAVAILABLE
Norway	11.9940-11.9950	AUS. SCH	UNAVAILABLE
Denmark	11.4020-11.4040	DKK	5.3085-5.3110
Sweden	29.18-29.19	SEK	5.0700-5.0740
Finland	105.58-105.80	PORK	35.95-35.95
Japan	143.45-143.55	NYR FTY	4.2785-4.2795
Yen	471.00-471.25	SPAIN	66.46-66.67
Ireland	1.0618-1.0628	MEXICO	22.85-22.96

N.Y. SPOT RATE PRICES	
June 29	
U.S.A.	2.1480
Germany	1.8440
France	1.6665
Holland	2.0295
Italy	2.2940
Belgium	2.2945
Spain	67.35
Italy	67.35
Japan	377.85
Denmark	5.3620
Sweden	5.1015
Switzerland	4.7780
Canada	85.46
Yen	354.46

LONDON GOLD	
June 29	
Afternoon fix	340.00
Marching fix	340.00

Amulbank Worles	526	526
Amulbank Bank	338	338
Amulbank	173	173
Amulbank Electric	400	399
Amulbank Estate	400	399
Amulbank	161	161
Amulbank Corp.	467	469
Amulbank	368	368
Amulbank	586	586
Amulbank	132	132
Amulbank Electric	450	452
Amulbank	185	185
Amulbank Electric	639	638
Amulbank Fire Insur.	266	266
Amulbank	208	209
Amulbank Mtn.	791	791
Amulbank Oil	1490	1500
Amulbank Securities	1490	1537
Amulbank	244	249
Amulbank Steel	125	125
Amulbank	350	351
Amulbank Heavy	308	304
Amulbank Motor	685	690
Amulbank Securities	441	442
Amulbank	748	720
Amulbank	559	557
Amulbank Corp.	428	428
Amulbank	1029	1008
Amulbank	2108	2108
Amulbank Cement	158	159
Amulbank	136	136
Amulbank Chem.	252	252
Amulbank Metal	136	127
Amulbank	223	223
Amulbank Steel	244	244
Amulbank	460	459
Amulbank	136	136
Amulbank Rayon	317	320
Amulbank	119	119
Amulbank Marine	517	512
Amulbank Power	930	937
Amulbank	543	543
Amulbank	144	144
Amulbank	280	284
Amulbank	910	899
Amulbank	252	251
Amulbank	282	282

	Closing Jan 29, 2010	Closing Jan 29, 2010
Price Singapore S	316	316
Investment Holdings	2622	2622
Sherrill Holdings	217	217
Sherrill & Co. & Carriage	274	276
Sherrill & Co.	404	404
Sherrill & Co. & Carriage	255	250
Sherrill & Co.	520	520
Sherrill & Co.	151	151
Sherrill & Co.	520	520

DOE JONES & FT
STOCK-AVERAGES

DOE JONES
CLOSING STOCK AVERAGES
 June 1980

30 Industrials ...	\$53.18	UP 2.52	or 8.30%
28 Transport ...	52.99	UP 0.97	or 4.9%
15 Utilities ...	38.25	UP 0.07	or 0.78%
15 Chemicals ...	48.54	UP 0.96	or 3.9%

New York (AP)—Do J Jones Market closed higher for the second day in a stock heavy trading session. Analysts noted that Thursday's gain in the Dow Industrials was the first since the market's recovery from about half of the 11 point drop in the average the day after the OPEC price hike. They said despite higher oil prices the market was still expected to outperform the market this year.

The effect of inflation versus Alfred Knut warned that the effect of OPEC oil price increases not only possibly postpone chances of reducing double-digit inflation but also increase the chances that it also creates "the danger of a recession."

Energy department officials said it was still to come across the full effect of the OPEC price hike and one official placed the actual price rise "at the upper end" of the departments previous expectations.

Charles Schuler, Chairman of the Council of Economic Advisors, would not rule out the

possibility that economic downturn had begun.

Carter administration officials expected a price increase by OPEC, including Thursday's move will add a percentage point to the index to 1779.19.

The administration also estimated that OPEC's price hike would add \$1.5 billion to 1979 and \$50.0 million higher in 1980.

There were about 890 stocks up and some 200 down.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average closed at 35.52. It had been up 46 points to 35.06 on May 29. The volume of trading was 38,253,000 shares up to 36,740,000 shares on May 29.

Prices also rose on the American Exchange, with the market value index up 0.6 percent to 177. The average price per share rose five cents.

Advancing issues outnumbered decliners 447 to 347. Volume was 1.2 billion shares.

4,349,725 shares from 4,230,715 Wednesday.

Houston Oil & Mineral resumed the most losses, up 1.11% to 220.90 shares. Other issues included Husky Oil, up 1/2 to 51.50 in 16 shares; Dynalene, up 3/8 to 11.00 in 16 shares; National Petroleum, up 1/8 to 11.00 in 114,240; and Great Basin Petroleum, up 1/8 to 96.700 shares.

Yesterday's closing averages

30 Industrials ... \$53.18
 28 Transport ... 52.99
 15 Utilities ... 38.25
 15 Chemicals ... 48.54

[illegible]

NEW YORK BOND MARKET:
A SPECIAL REPORT
 NEW YORK (AP)—[AP]—Sales of Pacific Telephone & Telegraph Co.'s \$300 million dollar debentures, which were expected to be the first of many buyers' early view as a disappointing low yield of 9.75%.

But many buyers' early view as a disappointing low yield of 9.75%.

But many buyers' early view as a disappointing low yield of 9.75%.

But many buyers' early view as a disappointing low yield of 9.75%.

fell 3/22 points to close at 98.30/32 plus 1/2 points' spread.

In a corporate sector, Great Western S. & Lums Association's \$200 million dollars of mortgage-backed bonds were nearly all sold.

Thompson's dealers sold about 9.5% in the market were priced at 99.75 to 9.54% lower.

This return was about 0.26% lower than the 9.80% of the 1970's.

negotiated with a syndicate led by Blyth, Rice, Dillon & Co. and Salomon Brothers.

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

	June 21	June 22	A
FT 100	71.1	72.62	8
FT 250	71.1	72.62	8
Indust. Ord'ry	474.9	476.0	45
Gold Mines	186.8	185.4	10
Gold M'ns (ex-Sp)	165.1	163.0	10
Ord. Div. Yield	5.97	5.94	8
Yield YTD (ex-Sp)	16.8	16.8	10
P/E Ratio (incl'g)	7.85	7.88	77
Total bargains	14,147	14,420	20

[illegible]

<p>for two other companies and one two-ten-month bond sale. The lower yields reflected the fact that a weak long rally, which raised the price of older issues one point or more, had fallen before the issue was sold Thursday.</p> <p>Treasury issues closed lower after being up 1/4 point earlier in the day. The market's money supply grew at a faster rate than analysts had expected, prompting speculative selling after the Federal Reserve released money growth figures, dealers said. The new 24% bond due 1994, for example,</p>		<p>10am.-57.7 11am.-57.0 Noon-57.8 1p.m.-57.6 2p.m.-57.6 3p.m.-57.5</p>
<p>Latest index: 01-240 0275. % Nil = 7.2 Basis 1800 Gen. Secs. 19/10/24. Fixed Inc. 8/28 Ind. Govt 17/10/25. Gold 515/255 SE Activity Jul-Dec Ex-5 premium index started June, 1972.</p>		
<p>June 29 Lintimate Price</p>		<p>Today's Close</p>
<p>COCOA</p>		<p>per tonne</p>
July	1614	1611
September	1649	1647
December	1712	1710
March	1745	1743
May	1768	1766
July	1785	1780
September	1805	1795
<p>ROBUSTA COFFEE</p>		<p>per tonne</p>
July	2883	2880
<p>SOYABEAN MEAL</p>		<p>Today's Close</p>
July	124.8	124.8
October	127.60	127.30
December	128.80	128.90
February	130.00	130.00
April	132.00	132.00
June	134.00	134.00
August	136.00	136.00
<p>June 27 Official Close</p>		<p>per tonne</p>

September	2132	2131			Today's Change	Previous Close
October	2146	2138				
January	2141	2140				
March	2117	2114				
May	2110	2109				
July	2110	2109				

GRAINS			Wheat Yesterday's Closing	Barley Yesterday's Closing		
			£ per bush	£ per bush		
September	91.70	87.65				
October	92.40	91.55				
January	99.65	95.70				
March	182.95	99.50				
May	186.45	102.30				

RUBBER			Pence per kilo			
August	62.50	63.10				
September	63.50	63.10				
Oct.-December	66.20	66.10				
January-March	68.50	68.50				
April-June	70.85	70.85				
July-September	73.18	73.18				
Oct.-December	75.25	75.15				
January-March	77.43	77.30				
April-June	79.85	79.65				

RAW SUGAR			Sugar Free, Current	£ per long ton		
August	187.85	187.80				
September	118.40	118.40				
October	114.85	114.80				
March	128.48	128.35				
May	132.95	132.95				

ALUMINUM			Today's Change	Previous Close
Cash	718.90	712.00	712.00	712.00
Three months	715.50	712.00	712.00	712.00
Six months	718.90	712.00	712.00	712.00
Silver	712.00	712.00	712.00	712.00

COPPER			£ per tonne
Winkbar	891.00	892.00	
Cash	891.00	892.00	
Three months	897.00	897.00	
Six months	892.00	892.00	
Cash	892.00	892.00	
Three months	892.00	892.00	
Six months	892.00	892.00	

LEAD			£ per tonne
Cash	601.00	602.00	
Three months	601.00	602.00	
Six months	601.00	602.00	

NICKEL			£ per tonne
Three months	2785	2790	

SILVER			Per Troy ounce
Cash	409.20	409.20	
Three months	412.80	413.50	
Six months	407.70	407.70	

TIN			£ per tonne
Standard	407.70	407.70	

August	127.00	126.50	Three months	7130	7135
October	124.00	130.00	Six months	7140	7145
December	124.00	130.00	Nine months	7195	7200
WHITE SUGAR					
	¢ per long ton		High Grade	7985	7990
September	110.00	108.50	Three months	7140	7145
November	112.00	112.50	Six months	7195	7200
February	119.75	119.50	Nine months	7245	7250
May	120.00	120.50	High Grade	7985	7990
April	123.00	122.50	Three months	7140	7145
July	125.00	125.50	Six months	7195	7200
October	127.00	126.50	Nine months	7245	7250
September	131.50	132.00	High Grade	7985	7990
November	136.50	133.00	Three months	7140	7145
			Six months	7195	7200
			Nine months	7245	7250
ZINC					
	¢ per long ton		High Grade	346.50	347.00
September	110.00	108.50	Three months	351.00	351.50
November	112.00	112.50	Six months	356.00	356.50
February	119.75	119.50	Nine months	361.00	361.50
May	120.00	120.50	High Grade	346.50	347.00
April	123.00	122.50	Three months	351.00	351.50
July	125.00	125.50	Six months	356.00	356.50
October	127.00	126.50	Nine months	361.00	361.50
September	131.50	132.00	High Grade	346.50	347.00
November	136.50	133.00	Three months	351.00	351.50
			Six months	356.00	356.50
			Nine months	361.00	361.50

Thatcher praises election

Whitehall to help Salisbury win world's recognition

CANBERRA, July 1 (AP) — Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher says Britain wants to recognize Rhodesia and win international support for Prime Minister Bishop Abel Muzorewa.

Mrs. Thatcher did not give an exact date for recognition, but she said she doubted that Parliament would renew sanctions when they expire in November.

"The British government is determined to bring the country back to legality with the widest possible international recognition."

Mrs. Thatcher spoke at the National Press Club in Canberra. She was in Australia for a two-day visit.

She said the issue was not clear, and would not be until Britain knew "how many nations we can take along with us."

Britain wanted to ensure that "the bullet does not beat the ballot box," that terrorism did not overturn the results of the Rhodesian elections.

She said Britain was engaged in an intensive round of discussions with African nations and that she had discussed the issue with Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser during her meetings in Canberra.

The fact that Rhodesia had a black majority government, a black majority cabinet and that 65 per cent of those eligible had voted in the elections could not be ignored.

"This is particularly good for a national (election) in Africa."

Rhodesia has entered a period which could be crucial to its struggle for recognition.

Britain's emissary Lord Harlech arrives in Salisbury on Tuesday to present his country's latest ideas for an internationally acceptable settlement.

And the prime minister leaves later this week or early next for Washington and London to plead his case for Western backing in the war with Patriotic Front guerrillas. He will see Mrs. Thatcher and hopes to meet President Jimmy Carter.

"It is not just a trip to America and Britain. It is one of those moments of history," the "Sunday Mail" newspaper commented Sunday.

"The deliberations will, one way or another, go a long way towards deciding the future in this part of the world: in its basic terms, whether good or evil will triumph."

Muzorewa, who has had an uncomfortable first 30 days in office, is pinning his government's long-term hopes for success, and indeed, survival on Washington and London.

Government ministers have admitted that the denial of recognition is crippling Salisbury's war effort. At least 30 people die every day.

So far this year more than 4,000 people have been killed inside the country, compared to 5,500 in the whole of last year, until now the bloodiest of the war.

The ministers said that many of the estimated 12,000 Patriotic Front guerrillas inside the country want to lay down their arms, but hesitate because Britain and the United States have refused to recognize Salisbury.

Trade sanctions are also hampering the government's effort to prove to blacks that they now have a government which will look after their interests.

Muzorewa Saturday told a rally of 5,000 supporters, "you are thirsty... you are suffering." But he said he was helpless to improve their wages, which are on average one tenth of what whites earn, until the trade embargoes were removed, allowing the economy to expand.

Unless the Muzorewa government can provide tangible evidence to the country's 6.8 million blacks that true black rule has come, it is likely that popular support will drift even further away from Muzorewa.

His claim to international recognition rests on his ability to demonstrate that the people are behind him.



Mrs. Thatcher

U.S. troops relax after arrests in Turkey

ANKARA, July 1 (AP) — Turkish police have cracked the radical terrorist groups which murdered the first U.S. soldiers in the country's history, but American servicemen here still are not breathing easy.

The dismantling last week of two factions from the Turkish People's Liberation Movement marked the first major victory for the government of Premier Bulent Ecevit in an army-backed war on terror which has killed over 1,700 people over the past two years.

Besides the killing of Sgt. Edward Claypool last April and Spec. Thomas Mosley in May, Turkish Marxist groups aiming to hammer activities of 5,000 American military here struck at U.S. targets 25 times. This included strafing the empty officers club and two bombings of the Turkish American Association in Ankara, explosive devices tossed at the U.S. Embassy and at offices of the Boeing Co. and the shooting of an American schoolteacher on her doorstep in Adana.

"March, April and May were, a bad time for Americans in Turkey," said Maj. Floyd Bryant Jr., chief of security at Balgat Air Station near Ankara. "After these arrests, we should be security-aware, but not petrified. There is no reason why we shouldn't walk the streets."

He has issued pointers for the 1,200 military — many living off base — to keep a low profile: "Don't be conspicuous, remove decals from your cars, keep the music low, blend in with the scene, don't get into an argument outside the base."

The bridge was a sensation, attracting thousands of visitors from Europe and the Americas, and was painted by leading artists.

In the 19th century, industry moved away and Coalbrookdale and the bridge are preserved today as industrial monuments. Museums of industrial technology recently built there are attracting more than 200,000 visitors a year. Later this week, Prince Charles, heir to the throne, will visit to open a new one.

Bridge was modest beginning

Britain to mark industrial revolution

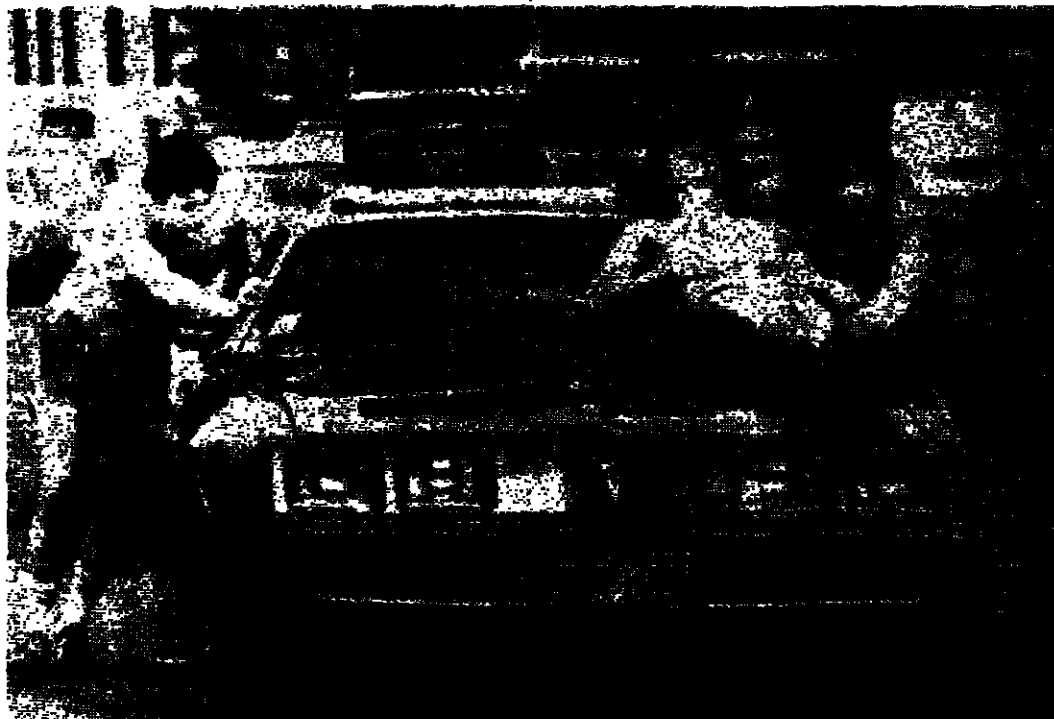
BIRMINGHAM, England, July 1 (AP) — The building of a bridge 200 years ago was to enjoy modest celebrations Monday to commemorate a high point of the industrial revolution in 18th century England that launched the modern world.

The processions, speeches and picnic are at Ibanbridge on the Severn River and nearby Coalbrookdale. The world's first structure made of cast-iron was built across the river there and the little town of Ibanbridge developed as a result. The 100-foot single span

still stands although it has been closed to vehicles since the 1930s.

It was on July 2, 1779, that the first iron rib of the bridge was raised into position across the river, 25 miles northwest of Birmingham. The ribs were cast at Darby's Coalbrookdale Iron Works where iron was first smelted with coke by pioneer industrialist Abraham Darby.

The Darby Works made the first cast iron cylinders for railroad locomotives, the first iron wheels and rails, the first iron boat and



WHAT, ME WORRY? : While his buddies do all the work, Richie Pilkington seems unconcerned about the shortage of gas in the U.S., and uses his time to get a suntan while two friends push their car to a New Jersey filling station recently.



LAUNCHING FLIGHT: Participants in Saturday's press conference at the Meridien Hotel at which the new Iberia Airlines Jeddah-Barcelona direct flight was announced were (from left to right): Mahrous Binladin, Spanish Ambassador Jose Antonio Acebal, Jose Manuel Esyer of Iberia, Sultan Ghalib Al Quaiti, and Pedro Herrero.

Iberia pushes tourism

Saudi-Spain air link announced

By F.W. Rawding

JEDDAH, July 1 — Spain's Iberia Airlines will soon inaugurate the first direct air link between the Kingdom and Spain, and in cooperation with Tarak Binladin and Brothers will also begin sponsorship of a program of package tours for Saudi visitors.

The announcements of the flights and tour opportunities came Saturday at a press conference at the Meridien Hotel here, with officials announcing a weekly Madrid-Jeddah-Barcelona service will begin July 10 and expand to biweekly service on August 3.

According to Spanish Ambassador Jose Antonio Acebal, it is hoped that there will be such a demand for the flights that the service will soon be expanded to a daily flight.

The press conference — during which Acebal cited the long historic relationship between the Arab countries and Spain — was also attended by representatives of Iberia and of Tarak Binladin and Brothers, the airline's representative in the Kingdom.

Relations between Spain and the Kingdom have always been cordial, Acebal said, and in addition to their historic ties, Spain and Saudi Arabia are increasingly becoming involved in each other's economies and educational lives.

And Spain, he said, with its rugged mountains, pristine white beaches, flamenco guitar music, and its links to its Moorish past, offers much to the Saudi tourist.

A film emphasizing the links to that past was shown at the press conference, focusing on Granada and Andalusia in Southern Spain.

It showed the most exquisite combinations of space and light and decoration, the magical incorporation of water piped down from the Sierra Nevada, the arrangements of sculptural and natural forms, the colors and the clear, bright skies which make



DETAIL: Part of a Spanish door, showing the Moorish influence.

Granada one of the most lively places on earth.

So much so that the words of the poet came to mind when he said, "No one is so unfortunate as he who is blind in Granada."

And the rich Moorish heritage of Spain, the officials said, is not only in the Castles and palaces of the country, but in the faces of the people, in the music and the dance.

Jose Manuel Esyer, Iberia's

commercial manager for Europe and the Middle East, said that the airline will use DC 8-63 jets on the Jeddah-Barcelona flight. Those planes seat 22 in first class and 186 in tourist class, he said.

Mahrous Binladin and Sultan Ghalib al Quaiti, represented Tarak Binladin. The agency will offer a variety of services for Spain-bound tourists, including a special package tour — for a minimum party of five — for seven days for 3,200 riyals per person.

This will include all meals and service, transfers, guided tours to Madrid and Granada, and accommodations in five-star hotels, they said. Tickets will be available for longer periods if tourists wish to prolong their stay in Spain, and Iberia can handle all arrangements, they added.

Ester said that the flight from Jeddah will land at Barcelona because it is an important center for commerce and industry, as well as being the gateway to many of Spain's tourist attractions. He said Iberia believes the Saudi market is so important it is reducing services elsewhere to make certain the Saudi service is a success.

Ambassador Acebal said that in addition to Spain's tourist attractions, Saudi-Spanish trade links have increased rapidly in recent years, with exports from Spain to the Kingdom increasing from \$50 million in 1976 to a projected \$300 million this year.

He said that Spain is playing an increasing role in the Kingdom's development plans, and added that 600 Saudi students are now studying in Spanish universities, up from 70 in 1976. The number of visas to Saudi to visit Spain is increasing similarly, he noted, from 1,500 in 1976 to an estimated 11,000 this year.

"Airlines are the key element in the development of relations between countries," he added.

Turkish base seen unneeded

Congressman questions U-2 flights

WASHINGTON, July 1 (Agencies) — A congressman said Sunday it was unnecessary for the United States to fly U-2 surveillance planes from Turkey to monitor Soviet compliance with the SALT II nuclear arms limitation agreement.

Wisconsin Democrat Les Aspin, a defense expert and chairman of the House of Representatives Intelligence Oversight Subcommittee, said secret testimony showed that information on Soviet tests of new missiles could be collected better through other means.

"The U-2 spy plane flight out of Turkey would be nice to have...but if we don't get U-2 flights, the loss will be a pinprick and not a body blow to our ability to verify SALT," Aspin said.

Charges by opponents of the new SALT treaty that Soviet missiles could not be verified adequately are considered a major obstacle to ratification of the pact by the U.S. Senate.

Turkey has threatened to ban any U-2 flights near its border with the Soviet Union after the house of Representatives rejected \$50 million in military grants to the Ankara government and substituted loans instead.

The Senate has approved \$50 million in grants to Turkey and the two bodies must reconcile their differences.

Aspin said that because of the U-2 plane's limited flight time, it could miss up to 40 per cent of tests of liquid-fueled missiles in southern Russia.

U-2 flights from Turkey also would be unable to monitor any of the more important solid fuel missile tests, which take place in the northern part of the Soviet Union, the congressman said.

Earlier, in Atlanta, Georgia, a member of the

Senate Armed Services Committee said with or without a SALT II treaty, the United States must increase defense spending to maintain an arms balance with the Soviet Union.

U.S. Sen. Sam Nunn said, "If we do not have the willingness and determination to adequately fund the defense budget over the next five years — even with an equitable and verifiable treaty — we will end up being strategically and in overall military terms inferior to the Soviet Union." The Georgia Democrat said in an interview Friday.

During the last decade, the Soviet Union has led the United States in military spending by about 30 per cent a year, reducing the United States from a position of "unquestioned strategic superiority" to one of "clinging parity," the Georgia Democrat said.

If that trend continues, he said, "the picture in the early 1980s is going to be dismal — with or without SALT."

Nunn said he would not take a public position on the arms limitation agreement until after the committee begins hearings on the treaty. His decision could influence uncommitted Senate members, whose votes will be crucial in the treaty ratification process.

In only his second Senate term, the 40-year-old junior Senator from Georgia has emerged as one of the Senate's most knowledgeable members on military matters.

Nunn estimates that 45 to 54 senators now favor the treaty; 20 to 25 are opposed to it; and the remainder are undecided. It will take at least 67 votes to ratify the treaty, with all 100 senators voting.

Publisher in U.S. gives 'troops' surprise bonus

GRAND JUNCTION, Colorado July 1 (AP) — A grateful publisher is handing out more than one million dollars in bonuses to his employees for "helping build a solid newspaper, one that has at least a decent reputation."

Although reluctant to discuss the individual amounts in detail, publisher Ken Johnson said Saturday that the bonuses are being paid to some 200 people, who were employed by "The Daily Sentinel" on April 16, 1979. That was the day Johnson announced an agreement to sell the newspaper to Cox Enterprises Inc., owner of the Atlanta, Georgia, "Constitution."

"I'm laying some money on the troops," he said. "They are my friends, and they've been through good, bad and otherwise. This is a

chance to do something for them in a meaningful way."

"All I'm really doing is trying to share with the staff some of the proceeds of the sale," he added. "It's a very positive way of saying thanks."

Johnson said the bonuses ranged from "two or three weeks pay" to several thousand dollars. The "Denver Post" reported Saturday that some were as large as \$40,000.

Johnson, 46, began as a copy carrier with the newspaper in 1949 and worked his way up to become publisher in 1970. He said he plans to stay on with "The Daily Sentinel," which has a daily circulation of 30,000 and 40,000 on Sunday.

Some publishers who sell their newspapers "walk off without a backward glance," Johnson said.

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If it has an engine, wix probably makes a filter for it.

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Carter's relative marries in Plains

PLAINS, Georgia July 1 (AP) — Billy Carter led his daughter Katherine Kim down the aisle Saturday for her marriage to Mark William Fuller. The couple exchanged vows in an evening ceremony under a cluster of cedar trees at the country home of Lillian Carter, the bride's grandmother and mother of President Jimmy Carter.